SEMI-WEEKLY

DIXON TELEGRAPH.

TUESDAY FRIDAY

56th Year No. 6 DIXON, ILLINOIS, FRIDAY, JANUARY 18 1907 $1.00 a YEAR IN ADVANCE

ASHTON MAN PAYS HEAVY FINES TODAY

PLEAD GUILTY TO ELEVEN COUNTS SELLING LIQUOR WITHOUT LICENSE.

BUSINESS OF THE CIRCUIT COURT

The Wheels Grind On, But There Is Little of General Interest in Proceedings.

It is unusually quiet around the court house nowadays and if circuit court was not in session there would be nothing doing at all.

This afternoon the case of Samuel Watson vs. Robert H. Wadsworth, appeal, is being tried.

What the Docket Shows.

People vs. Henry J. Mongovern, appeal. On motion of states' attorney case dismissed.

People vs. Oscar Schade, selling liquor without license. Defendant pleads guilty upon arraignment of first eleven counts and upon said plea of guilty he is fined $20 on each of eleven counts and costs of suit.

People vs. Oscar Schade, selling liquor to minors. Defendant pleads guilty to one count, and is fined $20 and costs.

Law.

Edward Frank vs. George B. Stitzel, appeal. By agreement suit dismissed at cost of plaintiff.

W. F. Wright vs. Read & Burright appeal. Jury returns into court finding issues for defendants.

Ethel C. Girton vs. Louis Floto, estate, appeal from county court. The court finds in favor of the claimant, Ethel C. Girton, in the sum of $3070.74. Judgment rendered in said amount and to be paid in due course of administration.

Chancery.

Jesse W. Weyant vs. Burton L. Giles, et al, foreclosure. Master's report of sale filed and approved.

B. I. HITCHCOCK PASSES AWAY

SON OF FAMOUS METHODIST CLERGYMAN DIES AT HOME HERE.

B. I. Hitchcock died at about 9:30 o'clock Tuesday evening at his home 412 E. Third street, death resulting from stomach trouble with which he has been afflicted for several years. The funeral arrangements have not been completed, pending word from relatives in the east, and can not be announced until later.

Birdsall Ingersoll Hitchcock was born in Ithica, N. Y., February 11, 1833. His father was Rev. Dr. Luke Hitchcock, who was well known throughout the entire Methodist denomination, especially in the northwest. For many years he and his father were engaged in the publishing business in the interests of the Methodist Episcopal church, their headquarters being in Cincinnati and Chicago.

He was engaged in business in Colorado for several years, before coming to Dixon about four years ago. Since coming to this city the decedent has not been in good health, and consequently has not taken a very active part in any movement. But a very large number of friends have learned to love him, despite his handicap. He was a man of strong character, and he leaves a large circle of friends and relatives. He was especially devoted to his family, and counted no sacrifice too great to make for those whom he loved.

He is survived by his widow, one daughter, Jean Hitchcock, and five sisters: Mrs. I. E. Wilson of Chicago; Mrs. Charles H. Fowler, wife of Bishop C. H. Fowler of New York city; Mrs. Charles E. Smith of Cincinnati, O.; Mrs. E. C. Wilson of Chicago and Mrs. Archer Brown of East Orange, N. J. Nearly all of his sisters have visited him during his illness.

The funeral services will be in charge of Dr. William Crever, of Oak Park, formerly of Dixon, assisted by Dr. S. F. Cryor of this city. Chicago papers are requested to copy.

Later—Late this afternoon it was decided to hold the funeral of Mr. Hitchcock from the home at 2:30 o'clock tomorrow afternoon.

A DAY'S WORK IN CONGRESS

WEDNESDAY, JANUARY 16, 1907.

Senate.

The Brownsville affair again occupied the time of the senate. Senators Carmack, Stone, Money and Knox defended the action of the president. Senator Foraker offered a substitute for his previous resolution providing for an investigation of the matter and started to make his closing speech on the incident, but had not concluded when the senate adjourned until tomorrow.

House.

The house passed the fortifications appropriation bill without amendment and began consideration of the District of Columbia appropriation bill. Mr. Foster of Vermont delivered a speech supporting the president for his message on the Japanese situation in California, and Mr. Sheppard of Texas discussed politics and the state of the nation. Sunday, February 24 was fixed for eulogies of the late representative H. C. Adams of Wisconsin, and at 4:50 p. m. the house adjourned until tomorrow.

INCREASE SALARY OF PRESIDING ELDER

METHODIST CHURCH OF DIXON DISTRICT RAISE AMOUNT TO $2,940.

DISTRICT HAS BEEN ENLARGED

Home Mission Society Will Have Special Service in Local Church Sunday.

The salary of the presiding elder of the Dixon district, Rock River conference of the Methodist Episcopal church, has been raised nearly $400. The action was taken by the stewards of the district in their annual meeting held in this city Wednesday afternoon and was taken because of the increased duties of the presiding pastor.

At the last meeting of the Rock River Conference the Freeport district was abolished and the charges in that district were divided among the Dixon, Rockford and Joliet districts. Ten additional churches were placed in the Dixon district, thereby increasing the duties of the presiding elder greatly.

Now Draws $2,940.

The salary of [illegible] for several years previous has been but $2,544 and the [illegible] the churches [illegible] district at the meeting yesterday decided that the previous salary was not sufficient and raised the figure to $2,940.

[illegible] to the raising of the presiding elder's salary the stewards apportioned to the different churches the proportion of the different benevolent funds they will be required to raise during the year. The meeting was a most harmonious one, and the forty or more stewards who were present went home thoroughly convinced that the Dixon district of Methodist Episcopal churches is in most excellent condition in every way.

Dr. Traveller's Address.

In the evening, Dr. Traveller, the new presiding elder, delivered a most able address to a large audience. Dr. Traveller was made presiding elder of this district at the last conference and is a new man in the district. His remarks were timely and forceful, and the hearers were convinced that he is a good man for the position he occupies.

Feature Service Sunday.

The work of the Woman's Home Missionary society of the Methodist churches of the Rock River conference will be given a comprehensive outline at the Sunday morning service at the local Methodist church. Mrs. Lavender of Chicago, one of the founders of the society in this conference, will be the speaker and her address will have the additional weight of being by one who has been actively engaged in the management of the work since its inception. Dr. [illegible], the pastor, will occupy the pulpit at the evening service.

Del. Reese of Paw Paw was here on business Wednesday.

CHARLES H. HART KILLED IN COLLISION IN WEST

WAS BROTHER OF MRS. H. H. EMMERT OF THIS CITY.

FORMER NACHUSA YOUNG MAN

Was Baggageman on Rock Island Train Which Collided Head-On With Freight.

Mrs. H. H. Emmert of 919 Galena avenue received a dispatch Tuesday afternoon informing her of the death of her brother, Charles H. Hart, of Kansas City, Mo., who was killed in a wreck near Waldron, Mo., the night before.

In the wreck in which Mr. Hart lost his life three trainmen were killed, a fourth is probably fatally injured and several passengers were slightly injured. The wreck was a head on collision of Rock Island passenger train 26 and a freight, which occurred at Waldron, twelve miles from Leavenworth. Mr. Hart was baggageman. Engineer McQueen was also killed, as was the fireman, whose name could not be learned.

Mr. Hart leaves a wife and two children, both girls. He was a native of Pennsylvania, but was raised in Nachusa, this county. His mother, Mrs. Mary A. Hart, is living with her daughter in this city and is very ill, having been confined to her bed for the past eleven weeks and on account of her condition will not be told of the death of her son. It was but yesterday forenoon several hours after the death of her son that she received a letter from him enclosing his photograph.

Besides his wife and two children in Kansas City and his mother and sister in Dixon, Mr. Hart leaves a brother, Will Hart, in Bloomington and a brother, F. S. Hart, in Oshkosh, Neb.

GREAT FIND OF ORE MADE AT GALENA.

Richest Strike Yet Made in District Discloses Thousands of Tons of Lead.

Galena, Ill., Jan. 16.—A great cave 300 feet long and in some places 40 feet high has been struck by miners working on the Michael Ehrler farm, in East Galena township, a few miles from this city. The strike is the richest ever made in this section and the mine will be a rival for the Black Jack mine, which has produced untold wealth. It is as rich as the richest mines of the Wisconsin district. The mine was located by B. C. Dinsdale, who came to this city from Appleton, Wis., some months ago and who has been engaged in mining on the Ehrler farm since early in the spring.

A mining engineer named O'Neill, who has been making an inspection of the district, explored the great cavern recently and he stated that he never saw anything like it.

He found that the walls, floor and ceiling are covered with the richest ore. There is a mixture of lead and jack, the like of which has never before been seen. There are great pyramids of jack on the floor while jack and lead hang on the walls.

Taking a small hand pick with him [illegible] of exploration, Mr. O'Neill broke pieces of ore from the walls of the cavity. He could not penetrate through the ore and reach the solid rock. There are thousands upon thousands of tons in sight and there is no telling what will be found in digging into the walls.

MRS. JACOB BRUBAKER ILL.

Word has been received here that Mrs. [illegible] Brubaker of Denver, formerly of this city, is dangerously ill.

Mrs. Charles Garrison of this city who underwent an operation at the hospital is recovering nicely much to the pleasure of her many friends. Miss Cobill, trained nurse, is caring for Mrs. Garrison.

REPORTED VERY ILL.

Mrs. Georgiana Kelsputter, who lives alone at 121 Boyd street, a middle aged lady, is ill at her home, and under the care of a physician. The persuasions of friends, among whom were Supervisor Edwards and Chief of Police Woodyatt, were necessary before the lady would allow anyone to enter her home and bring her medical assistance. The neighbors had not seen her about as usual the early part of the week, and so several of them cleaned the snow from her walks and tried to get into the house but she refused to let anyone enter until intimate friends interceded and she is now under a physician's care.

ROCK RIVER POWER BEST IN THE STATE

U. S. GEOLOGICAL SURVEY DECLARES FLOW UNSURPASSED IN ILLINOIS.

REPORT OF THE OBSERVATIONS

Much Data Concerning River and Its Flow is Given in Report of Survey.

In reporting on the flow measurements of Rock River, the United States geological survey says it is one of the best power rivers in the state.

The station for the measuring of the flow of this river is located at Rockton. The gauge is read daily by a local observer and current meter measurements are made from time to time by hydrographers of the survey. The station was discontinued July 20, 1906, but was reestablished two months later. The records have not yet been extended over a period sufficient to afford information concerning all the fluctuations of the stream, but the data thus far collected indicates wide variation in the flow. During 1905 the river was at the highest stage on March 27, the discharge at that time being 22,520 cubic feet a second; the minimum for the year was on October 9, when but 1,240 feet a second was recorded.

The following description of the river is given by the survey:

"Rock river rises in the southeastern part of Wisconsin, flows south and southwest, and enters the Mississippi river south of Rock Island, Ill. Of the total drainage area (10,973 square miles) 5,658 square miles are in Wisconsin and 5,320 square miles in Illinois. The length of the basin is 175 miles, its greatest width is near the Wisconsin-Illinois line, where for twenty miles or more it averages about 80 miles; above the boundary it averages 40 or 50 miles in width, while below, in Illinois, it narrows rapidly. In its upper course the river flows toward the eastern side of the basin, but near the state line it approaches the center, and finally flows decidedly near the western boundary of its drainage area. The length of the river is 280 miles; its fall, distributed with comparative uniformity throughout its length, is 340 feet, an average of 1.2 feet a mile."

THROWN FROM BUGGY.

Mrs. Cora Schrader and Mrs. Bill [illegible] of Eldena were thrown from their buggy in a slight runaway accident on Ottawa avenue late Tuesday afternoon, but fortunately neither were injured. Their buggy was badly broken and they were taken home by a neighbor, Mr. Felts, who came to Dixon after them in response to a telephone call.

MOTHER DIED IN STERLING.

Mrs. Margaret Kornmaus, mother of Cyrus and Ephriam Kornhaus of this city and an aunt of Frank Kornhaus also of this city, died at her home in Sterling at 5 o'clock Tuesday afternoon. The funeral services will be held at the home in Sterling at 12:30 o'clock Thursday.

JURY FOUND HIM GUILTY OF MALICIOUS MISCHIEF

JAMES THOMPSON GETS THIRTY DAYS FOR NOT RETURNING HORSE.

HAD A DIXON LIVERY HORSE

Circuit Court Takes a Short Recess; What the Judge's Docket Shows Today.

James Thompson, who was indicted for malicious mischief, appeared in open court this morning and plead guilty and was sentenced to the county jail for a period of thirty days. He was also indicted for cruelty to animals but this indictment on motion of State's Attorney Wooster, was nolle prossed.

Thompson is the man who hired a team of Blackman & Hubbard some time ago, intending to drive to his home in Compton, but only getting as far as a farm house three miles south of Ashton, where he left the rig and proceeded on foot to his home. He was gone three or more days, and the liverymen getting suspicious notified the officers that they thought the rig was stolen.

The sheriff went in search of his man and locating him at his home, arrested him and brought him to this city where he was given a hearing, bound over to the grand jury, and being unable to furnish bail he was locked in the county jail.

Verdict for Defendants.

The jury in the case of Samuel Watson vs. Robert H. Wadsworth, which was tried yesterday, found for the defendant.

Court adjourned until tomorrow morning at 9 o'clock.

What Docket Shows.

Annie Brierton et al vs. Joe T. Brierton et al, partition. Master's report of sale filed and approved.

Samuel S. Dodge vs. Luella Oakley et al, foreclosure. Defendants called and defaulted on personal service.

MRS. KELSEY PASSES TO REST

END CAME LAST EVENING; FUNERAL WILL BE HELD FRIDAY.

Mrs. Mary E. Kelsey, a pioneer of Dixon, died at her home at 521 Peoria avenue, at about 6 o'clock Wednesday evening, death resulting from a complication of diseases. The funeral will be held at the home Friday afternoon at 3 o'clock, Rev. J. F. Newton, pastor of the People's church, officiating. Interment will be at Oakwood.

Mrs. Kelsey's death removes one who has been beloved by all who have known her. Although a native of New Hampshire, she was a Dixon woman, having lived here many years. Had she lived until next April she would have celebrated her seventy-sixth birthday. She is survived by her daughter, Mrs. E. W. Smith, of this city. A host of friends unite with the stricken family in mourning her demise.

Deceased was born the 29th day of April, 1831, in the state of New Hampshire. She came to Dixon with her parents in 1850 and was married to Henry O. Kelsey. She was the mother of four children, two of whom died in infancy and Carrie died at the age of twenty-four years. Mrs. E. W. Smith is the only living child.

FATHER OF DIXON MAN DROPS DEAD IN CHICAGO.

Sterling, Jan. 16.—Special.—E. E. Law, a traveling man employed by the National Manufacturing company of this city, dropped dead at ten o'clock this morning just as he was entering the company's offices in Chicago. Mr. Law is a married man and leaves a wife and four children. His body will be brought here for burial. Last night Mr. Law attended a lodge meeting in this city, leaving for Chicago early this morning. He was in the best of health.

His son, Clare, is lineman for the Bell Telephone company at Dixon.

SENATOR HUGHES SECONDED CULLOM'S NOMINATION.

Senator Charles H. Hughes made a speech in the Republican caucus held in the hall of representatives at Springfield yesterday, seconding the nomination of Hon. Shelby M. Cullom for re-election to the United States senate. Senator Corbus P. Gardner of Mendota was chairman of the caucus.

IMPROVING MILLINERY STORE.

The Leader Millinery on First street has been closed until March 1 to allow the making of several important repairs in the building. Landlord Thomas Davies was not prepared this morning to state the full extent of the changes that will be made, but the store room will be placed in excellent condition for the opening of the spring millinery trade.

MISS HALEY RESIGNS.

Miss Anna Haley has resigned her position as operator at the Home Telephone office. Miss Haley was a splendid operator, giving the best of satisfaction and she was one of the favorite operators. Her friends are sorry that she has made up her mind to leave the office.

BILLS INTRODUCED BY LEGISLATORS

SENATOR HUGHES HAS ANOTHER BILL PERTAINING TO DRAINAGE DISTRICTS.

FIXES PUMPING PLANT RATES

Question of Salaries and Passes; Whipping Post Proposed For Wife Beaters.

The legislators at Springfield are busy introducing bills, and doing things in general. Senator Charles H. Hughes introduced a bill in the senate yesterday which if it becomes a law will be an important matter to the residents in the various drainage districts in the state.

The senator's bill fixes the assessment for the operation and maintainance of pumping plants in the drainage districts at not more than sixty cents upon each acre.

Would Raise Salaries.

Mr. Cermack of Chicago put in a bill raising the salaries of members of the legislature from $1,000 to $2,000. This measure, if adopted, would increase the legislative pay roll from $204,000 to $408,000. It is expected that the measure will be adopted if the state administration forces an anti-pass bill upon the house.

Lash for Wife Beaters.

Senator Henson of Decatur will introduce a bill tomorrow providing that a husband who beats his wife shall be lashed, the maximum number of lashes that may be inflicted being fifty. The bill provides that the whipping shall be done by a sheriff, marshal or policeman or any person appointed by the court before which such cases may be tried, provided, however, that the beating of the wife is not done in self-defense.

EAST PAW PAW.

East Paw Paw, Jan. 17.—Mr. H. S. Dickinson and Frank Gordon are suffering from sprained ankles, the result of falling in the snow.

Mr. and Mrs. John Curington and Miss Belle Stewart from Dakota have been spending a few days with John Kirk and family.

Mr. James Stewart from Hinckley Illinois, is visiting John Kirk and family.

Mr. Mont Cook is ill and under the doctor's care.

Hon. I. W. Mitchell has purchased from Lou Brauer a handsome double gaited horse, which he will develop into a saddle and buggy horse. The animal is an especially fine one, and is able to do a mile in 18.

George Sackett, manager of the Grand opera house of Rockford, is in Dixon today transacting business and visiting friends. While here he is the guest of Hugh Flannery, agent of the C. & N. W.

John Shemaker of Grand Detour is on a wolf hunt about that place and he expects to bag his game soon. He has had one shot at the beast he is after, but owing to the defect in the mechanism of his rifle he failed to get it.

THE RELIGION OF ROBERT BURNS

SECOND LECTURE IN COURSE ON CHRIST IN ENGLISH LITERATURE.

A LYRIC POET OF FIRST ORDER

Interesting Mid-Week Studies Conducted by Rev. Newton at People's Church.

Robert Burns was the theme of the mid-week lecture at the People's church last evening, being the second in the course on "Christ in English Literature." Mr. Newton said in part:

The character of Burns we pass lightly over. His moral failure was early and complete. His love was as deadly as the hate of other men. The basal defect of him was a moral weakness of will which made him impatient, wilful, ruled by his impulses. But for him we should have the tender charity he always had for others.

Burns was a lyric poet of the first order. The qualifications of his song are fire, tenderness, simplicity and naturalness. His poems did not grow; they awoke complete. His fame—greater than that of any poet of his country—rests upon verses written swiftly, as men write letters, and on songs that came to him naturally, as the song comes to the bird.

A deist in faith, made so by the granite-like hardness of the theology of his day, and by the wars of the sects within sects—he was at bottom deeply religious, and lived all his days, though so grossly sinning, in the quick consciousness of an ever-present God. And yet he is silent as to the Master and his mission and work—of these things he does not speak.

Still at many points Burns was in tune with Jesus. His gospel of democracy and brotherhood—the brotherhood of all breathing things—is truly Christian. Caste he hated and denounced, saying

"The rank is but the guinea stamp,
A man's a man for a' that."

Nor did he see any degradation in labor, like Edwin Markham, and could not have been guilty of the apoplectic eloquence of "The Man with the Hoe."

Burns was a Christ-man in his sympathy and his charity. This sympathy extended to all living things; to the little mouse whom his plow had robbed of a home—

"Poor earth-born companion
And fellow mortal!"

to the wounded hare that goes limping by, or the pet ewe

"groaning, dying, she did lie."

It was a strange tenderness which made him think on a winter night of the bird that had sung for him in the spring, and wonder if it was warm.

And to the "Unco Guid" he preached of sweet charity, of which our race needs so often to be reminded:

"Then gently scan your brother man
Still gentler sister woman,
Tho' they may gang a kennin wrang,
To step aside is human."

There has been but one more eloquent preacher of this gospel since the Master, and it was he who said: "And now abideth faith, hope, love, But the greatest of these is love."

Go to the songs of Burns if you are sad, and you will find an echo of your woe. Go if you are glad, and you will find a song as merry as your gladness. The world he pictures is real, and about all he writes there is an out-door feeling—the sweet breath of the sunny air. And blowing all through his pages is a spirit human and humane—a spirit like unto that of the Son of Man.

"But deep this truth impressed my mind:
Through all his works abroad,
The heart benevolent and kind,
The most resembles God."

Weather conditions have contributed to the illness of many Dixon people and colds and touches of the grip are numerous. Among the girls of the junior class of the Dixon high school who are reported ill are Julia Drew, Louise McKenney, Helen Talty, Nellie Sugett and Rachel Marks.

Keep the bowels open when you have a cold and use a good remedy to allay the inflammation of the mucous membranes. The best is Kennedy's Laxative Honey and Tar. It contains no opiates, moves the bowels, drives out the cold. Is reliable and tastes good. Sold by Rowland Bros.

When the cold winds dry and crack the skin a box of salve can save much discomfort. In buying salve look for the name on the box to avoid any imitations, and be sure you get the original DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve. Sold by Rowland Bros.

Food don't digest? Because the stomach lacks some one of the essential digestants, or the digestive juices are not properly balanced. Then, too, it is this undigested food that causes sourness and painful indigestion. Kodol For Indigestion should be used for relief. Kodol is a solution of vegetable acids. It digests what you eat, and corrects the deficiencies of the digestion. Kodol conforms to the National Pure Food and Drug Law. Sold here by Rowland Bros.

A cold is much more easily cured when the bowels are open. Kennedy Laxative Honey and Tar opens the bowels and drives the cold out of the system in young or old. Sold by Rowland Bros.

Bee's Laxative Cough Syrup containing Honey and Tar is especially appropriate for children, no opiates or poisons of any character, conforms to the conditions of the National Pure Food and Drug Law, June 30, 1906. For Croup, Whooping Cough, etc. It expels Coughs and Colds by gently moving the bowels. Guaranteed. Rowland Bros. or Leake Bros.

Give children a remedy with a pleasant taste. Don't force unpleasant medicine down their throats. Kennedy's Laxative, containing Honey and Tar is most pleasant to take. Children like it, and as relief for colds coughs, etc., there is nothing better. No opiates. Conforms to National Pure Food and Drug Law. Sold by Rowland Bros.

Reconstructs your whole body makes rich, red blood. Drives out impurities that have collected during the winter. Hollister's Rocky Mountain Tea is a family tonic. 35 cents, Tea or Tablets. Rowland Bros.

The relief of Coughs and Colds through laxative influence, originated with Bee's Laxative Cough Syrup containing Honey and Tar, a cough syrup containing no opiates or poison which is extensively sold. Secure a bottle at once, obtain a guarantee coupon, and if not fully satisfied with results, your money will be refunded. Rowland Bros. and Leake Bros.

We have secured the agency for Orino Laxative Fruit Syrup, the new laxative that makes the liver lively purifies the breath, cures headache and regulates the digestive organs. Cures chronic constipation. Ask us about it. Rowland Bros.

The New Pure Food and Drug Law

We are pleased to announce that Foley's Honey and Tar for coughs colds and lung troubles is not affected by the National Pure Food and Drug law as it contains no opiates or other harmful drugs, and we recommend it as a safe remedy for children and adults. Rowland Bros.

Two days treatment free. Ring's Dyspepsia Tablets for impaired digestion, impure breath, perfect assimilation of food, increased appetite. Do not fail to avail yourself of the above offer. Rowland Bros., Bros. Leake

Orino Laxative Fruit Syrup, the new Laxative, stimulates, but does not irritate. It is the best Laxative Guaranteed or your money back Rowland Bros.

Dentistry by Proxy.

"There are plenty of men," said a Washington dentist, "who work what we call the proxy dodge. They'll visit a dentist and tell him that a friend of theirs' has such and such the matter with his teeth and ask all sorts of questions as to what can be done to such teeth in a dental way. Of course, no dentist can tell anything about the requirements of teeth needing attention until he looks at them, but the proxy players are an insistent lot, their main point being to find out in that roundabout way just how much pain there is going to be involved in the work on their own teeth, supposing they muster up the nerve to have that work started."

Company Supports Many.

Ten per cent. of Colorado's population, it has been estimated, is dependent upon wages earned by employes of the Colorado Fuel and Iron company.

On the Boston Express

By EDITH J. HULBERT

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Wentworth paused in the doorway and glanced carelessly over the car. Then he turned to the porter with an involuntary sigh of relief.

"Either of these two vacant seats will do," he said.

The porter consulted his book.

"No. 12 is engaged, sah, but you can have 13."

"All right," said Wentworth, taking possession.

After his belongings had been fingered for the conventional length of time and the dusky official had retreated Wentworth looked at his watch.

"Five minutes to starting time," he murmured, "and no sign of her yet, for which fact the lady has my heartfelt gratitude."

"My, won't Collins be in the deuce of a funk, though! He seems to be uncommonly keen over the affair. I'll see what he says again." And, fumbling in his pocket, he produced a crumpled slip of paper.

Smoothing it out he read half audibly: "Look out for Annette Blain on Boston express. She has wind of the state's intention to call her as a witness in the Brent murder trial and is going to cross the border. Is about twenty-two and slender, with brown hair and gray or blue eyes; timid manner; dresses well, but plainly. Get an interview with her and find out all she knows about the case. Don't let this slip. Should be a beat. Other papers not on."

"Nice thing to foist on a man just starting on a vacation," grumbled Wentworth. "Anyway I've been through all the cars—they're all jammed—and there's no such person in sight. That lets me out, and—Jove!"

The porter had come back, followed by a heavily veiled young woman in a long dark blue traveling coat. As she sank wearily into the seat opposite No. 12 a warning shriek came from the great engine, and the train puffed slowly out of the station.

Wentworth eyed her furtively, while the porter punctiliously arranged her luggage in the rack.

"My victim undoubtedly," he soliloquized. "Poor child! I wonder if she thinks that covering her face with a thick veil when the thermometer is 80 is a good way to escape notice. How had I best open up the attack? Moral certainly all's very well, but I'm afraid mine would become shaky if she should deny her identity. There's something about the poise of her head that indicates she'd have the nerve to do it, too, and I've really nothing to go by. Confound that veil!"

At this point a small leather hand bag obligingly slid off the newcomer's lap, and Wentworth promptly presented it to her with his best bow.

"Thank you," she murmured politely, but in a tone that distinctly discouraged any attempt at conversation on his part. He felt instinctively that it would not be advisable even to make any suggestions concerning the window or the chair. He resumed his seat and sulkily regarded the flying landscape for several minutes.

When he turned again, his vis-a-vis had thrown back her veil. As he looked at her Wentworth found it difficult to suppress an exclamation of amazement. She was so like and yet so unlike Collins' terse description of the fugitive witness. Slender she certainly was; twenty-two she might be, although sixteen would seem nearer the truth and her manner was undoubtedly timid. But surely the phrase "brown hair" conveyed no adequate conception of those rippling, gold flecked chestnut waves that swept away from her broad white brow and were gathered in a loose coil at the nape of her neck. Surely the man who had told Collins about her "gray or blue eyes" never had picked violets diamonded with the dew of an early May morning. Surely no one but a brute could endure the thought of the delicate pink of those softly rounded cheeks deepening to scarlet and those exquisitely curved lips quivering under the pitiless fire of cross questioning from half a dozen lawyers regarding the hideous details of the Brent murder case.

Her testimony was not essential. The case of the state was sufficiently strong without it. Justice would lose nothing by her absence. Her flight was not only entirely honorable—it was a sacred duty she owed herself and her family.

Fortunately she was safe enough now. Soon after passing the next station they would cross the line into Connecticut, and there would be no question of further pursuit. If only she were a whole more approachable he was sure he could give her some valuable advice in the matter.

At this point in his reflections the train came to a full stop. "Why, we're there already," he muttered, glancing out of the window, and then involuntarily he smiled sympathetically at the girl.

She, however, did not seem to be at all in a mood to receive congratulations. She was very pale; her lips were twitching nervously, and when, just as the train started again, the porter entered the car, followed by the conductor, an expression of utter terror came into her eyes.

Evidently her fears were not altogether groundless. The two men went directly to her, and while the porter murmured consolingly, "Now, don't be afraid, miss; no one ain't gwine to hurt you," the conductor produced a telegraph form from which he read rapidly in a low tone.

Wentworth made an attempt to conceal the fact that he was listening.

"You see," said the conductor, handing her the paper, "these instructions are from police headquarters, so there is nothing for me to do but give you into custody at New Haven."

"By Jove!" ejaculated Wentworth before the girl could speak. "If you do any such fool thing as that you'll find yourself in about the worst scrape you ever tackled. This young lady isn't charged with any crime, is she?"

The conductor shook his head doubtfully.

"Of course not. Well, you know quite as well as I do that you can't serve a subpoena out of the state. It's up to her to say whether she'll go back and be a witness in that case or not. That wire didn't come from police headquarters any more than you did. Let me see it."

Impressed by the decision of his manner, the conductor almost mechanically complied with his demand.

"Just as I thought," pursued Miss Blain's self constituted protector. "A pure fake. Haven't even got her name right. Spelled it with an 'e.'"

"How should it be spelled?" asked the porter.

"Why, with an 'n,' naturally," said Wentworth, with withering scorn.

"Do you know the gentleman?" asked the conductor, turning to the girl.

"I—that is"— she began helplessly.

"Know me? Why, I'm one of her best friends," interposed Wentworth hastily, managing to give her elbow a surreptitious pressure. "I came on this train purposely to look after her, although she didn't know of my intention."

There was a moment's silence, during which the girl kept her face averted, the porter shuffled uneasily and Wentworth looked defiantly at the conductor, who shrugged his shoulders.

"Well," remarked that official at length, "I'm no lawyer or detective either, and I don't know whether that wire's straight or not, but I don't like to make things unpleasant for a lady. I can't interfere with the proper authorities if they come on at New Haven, but I don't know as it's my business to give 'em any help. Perhaps you can fix some plan between you." And, motioning to the porter to precede him, he passed on through the car.

The girl turned quickly to Wentworth.

"What did you mean," she asked, "by talking about my testifying in a case? Who do you think I am?"

"I don't think anything about it," said Wentworth. "I know you're Annette Blain, and you're leaving New York so you won't be obliged to appear at the Brent trial." And he glanced significantly at her luggage, on which the letters "A. B." appeared conspicuously in several places.

"Oh, no, I'm not. I'm Antoinette Blair, and I never heard of the Brent case. I'm simply running away from home to escape marrying a man I detest, and my guardian has found it out and sent that horrid wire. They'll keep me at New Haven until he gets there. I know they will."

Wentworth gave a low whistle.

"How old are you?" he asked abruptly.

"Nineteen."

Wentworth considered for a moment.

"See here," he said. "Will you trust yourself to me?"

Miss Blair smiled a little tremulously.

"It seems about the only thing for me to do," she said.

"Then listen. There's a flag station this side of New Haven. I'll fix the porter to stop the train there, and we'll slip off and take the next train back to some station where we can hire a trap to drive over and connect with the Central. I have an aunt living in Albany who'll be delighted to keep you for a few days until you can arrange your plans."

"How good you are!" murmured the girl fervently. "How can I ever repay you?"

Wentworth flashed an eloquent glance at her, whereat she blushed deeply and busied herself with her luggage.

The city editor of the Evening Star received two telegrams from Wentworth before he returned from his vacation.

The first was dated "Portchester" and read:

No trace of woman on express.

The second came from Albany a week later, and Collins groaned as he read:

Was married today in this city. Going Niagara. Back 24th. WENTWORTH.

"Another good man spoiled," sighed Collins.

A Ready Helper.

"Maria is a well meaning soul, now, isn't she?" said one of Maria's much tried relatives to another. "She has a real helpful spirit."

"That she has," returned the other sufferer heartily. "I suppose Maria has done more to get tickets for people who didn't want them to go to places they couldn't abide, sold more articles to people who couldn't use them, assisted more people over crossings who were boiling with rage because they preferred to go alone or with the policeman, helped more kinswomen to make up their minds in the exactly opposite way from the one they wished and told more strangers in the city things they already knew than any other woman in Christendom."

"But if you told her the braid was ripped off the bottom of her skirt she wouldn't really like it," said the first speaker.

"No; I've noticed that those ready helpers never care for suggestions themselves. Curious, isn't it?"

Maria's luckless relatives sighed in concert.—Youth's Companion.

Moonlight, but No Moon.

Dion Boucicault seems to have been forever rushing breathlessly from one task to another. This amusing incident of the busy dramatist's career is told in "Famous Actor Families in America," by Montrose J. Moses.

"Boucicault was never to be outdone, whatever the circumstances. So intent was he during the rehearsals of 'The Shaughraun' regarding the other characters in the cast that on the opening night when he reached the theater he suddenly realized that he had wholly forgotten to pick himself out a costume for Con. So he rushed to the property room and on with an old coat that had done service for Tony Lumpkin and on with an old cap belonging to that same individual. Grabbing an odd pair of boots from a discarded chest and he was ready! But disasters came thick and fast on this occasion. The second act called for a moon. Just as the scene was about to begin the stage one exploded, and when the curtain rose the audience was amazed to find a black hole where the moon should have been. A burst of laughter showed their further appreciation of a slip in stage management, for silver ripples quivered on the water, a case of moonlight with the moon left out."

China's Flood Peril.

Thousands of men work all their lives in securing the banks of the great Yellow river in China. Yet every now and then the tide sweeps away all opposition, and the loss in human life is greater than any war ever caused. In 1887 the river burst its bonds. Day after day the torrent flowed twenty miles an hour, thirty miles wide and ten feet deep. The flood has been described as that of two Danubes pouring from a height for two months on end. For 2,000 years the Chinese have been embanking this river. The silt which the waters bring down from the mountains builds up the bed and raises the surface of the water. The banks are raised higher and higher to keep in the water, and for mile after mile the river runs over a bed whose level is far above that of the fields through which it takes its way. But the weak part of the embankment is always found out. The river always breaks through. And then a province is swept out of existence, and people die by millions. The death roll in 1887 was estimated at from 2,000,000 to 7,000,000.

When Baths Were Scarce.

In a guide to etiquette published early in the last century the writer says that "soap does not irritate the complexion. Some of the finest complexions we have known have been regularly washed with soap every day." The same authority remarks that "the daily bath is now the rule rather than the exception, and common sense has triumphed over the decision that washing was injurious." And then the writer has a dig at her great-grandmother, "whose only ablutions consisted in wetting her cheeks with a cambric handkerchief dipped in rosewater." "In all our directions with regard to the bath," adds this early Victorian dictator, "it must be borne in mind that we only refer to those in sound state of health."

Destructive Shellfish.

In the tropics rock boring and wood boring shellfish are among the greatest natural agents of destruction in the shallow waters of the sea. It was not until the builders of iron ships launched the present navies of peace or war upon the deep that the hulls of vessels covered for any time in harbor were safe from their attacks. The shells of these mollusks are elegant and beautiful. They are often not at all obviously adapted for boring. Frequently they are very thin, looking almost like hardened paper. Yet they bore through teak or oak, hardened clay, chalk, rock and concrete breakwaters.

Shoe Etiquette In India.

Indians take off their shoes when there is a farash upon which they have to squat. The mud from the shoes would spoil the sheet. A native visitor to a European should on no account draw his shoes, there being no farash. If any deputy magistrate does so he is a cringing slave, imitating the sahib's chaprassi and showing that he is as humble as Ram Bakhsh before the sahib. If his socks are torn and the toes are out it is a regular insult to the sahib.—Lahore Tribune.

Nero and Big Noses.

Nero never liked a person with a large nose. He flippantly told the sorrowing relatives of Plautus—whom, it is alleged, he killed—that it was only on inspecting the corpse that he discovered that Plautus had so large a nose, and if it had been pointed out before he would have certainly spared his life. "Life with such a nose," coolly added Nero, "would have been ample penance for any crime."

A Proper Punishment.

"You're not going to bar me out, are you?" the newly arrived spirit pleaded.

"I guess not," replied St. Peter. "You're the street railway magnate, aren't you?"

"Why—er—yes, sir."

"Well, just hang on to one of those straps over there for eternity or so."—Philadelphia Press.

More Direct.

Little Bess—Mamma, I wish we had a piano. Mamma — We can't afford one, dear. You should wish for a goose that lays golden eggs. Little Bess—But why not wish for a hen that would lay a piano?

Doing Them Up.

"I wonder what that Chinaman is doing up so late."

"Shirts, I suppose."—New Orleans Times-Democrat.

Howie's Mutiny

By JED STRONG

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Howie glanced after Marcia with regret. Here was a splendid cruise spoiled almost at the outset. Just because he had ridiculed her matinee hero she had stamped her foot angrily and had declared that she wanted to be set ashore at the first opportunity, and Marcia was always as good as her word.

While he was still gazing at the companionway down which her slender figure had vanished Mrs. Lorraine came panting up the stairway.

"Mr. Howie," she said majestically, "my daughter informs me that she has been grossly insulted. I must ask that you put the yacht about at once and land us at the nearest port."

Howie made the mistake of trying to argue. "I merely said that Rowland Montague was a stick," he began, "and then Marcia grew angry and gave me back my ring and said she wanted to go home."

"I consider Mr. Montague a most admirable actor," announced the lady, who cared nothing for Montague, but who dearly loved a battle. "It was not polite of you to attack the judgment of your guests. Perhaps had it been a horse we should have had to abide your judgment, but of the finer arts you know nothing, and I am glad that my daughter has discovered her error in time to avoid an alliance with a man of such poor taste. Please put about at once."

Howie groaned. Of old he knew Mrs. Lorraine as an antagonist worthy of one's steel. She would persist in upholding Marcia in her bad temper. If they ever reached port with Marcia in this humor he could never hope to restore the engagement. In spite of her temper, or possibly because of it, Howie loved Marcia, and he was determined that at all hazards the yacht would not touch the landing at Palm Beach until a truce had been effected.

He was still pondering the matter when half an hour later Mrs. Lorraine's portly form reappeared upon the deck. Instead of coming toward him she went to the wheelhouse and

THE CREW HAD GATHERED AND STOOD SULLEN FACED.

presently she bore down upon him, the light of virtuous indignation firing her eye.

"I perceive that we are still headed northeast," she said as she approached. "I must insist that you turn about immediately."

She was almost sorry that she would not have this tractable young man for a son-in-law, but her joy was short lived, for when the sun set in the east it was plain to be seen that the compass card had been tampered with and there was an explosion that proved more diverting to the rest of the party than to Howie or the Lorraines.

It ended in the yacht's nose being swung around, and, with a pocket compass, Mrs. Lorraine verified the course. The rest were sorry that the trip was to be abandoned; but, full of the joy of victory, Mrs. Lorraine considered no one but herself.

It was barely light the next morning when the sound of pistol shots were heard on the deck, and the party rushed up the companionway. Up forward the crew had gathered and stood, sullen faced, regarding the owner and his captain. At the appearance of the party Howie left the sailing master and came toward them.

"It's all right," he explained. "There was a mutiny, and I am afraid that the men have possession of the boat. They have promised not to interfere with our comfort, and they will land us at one of the Bahama group with enough provisions to enable us to reach Nassau. They will give us the launch."

For a moment Mrs. Lorraine eyed the crew and seemed on the point of going forward to them, but to their great relief she elected to have hysterics instead and caused a diversion that occupied the entire party until the still civil steward announced breakfast.

The situation seemed more pleasant after breakfast. Apart from the fact that every man in the crew carried a revolver, ostentatiously displayed, they went about their work the same as usual. No detail of service was lacking, and Jimmy Travers declared a mutiny de luxe to be a positively novel and pleasant experience.

Mrs. Lorraine offered the men rapidly increasing sums to put the party ashore at Palm Beach, but the crew declined to approach within reach of the authorities, and even the good lady's threat to have the southern Atlantic squadron ordered in their pursuit the moment they reached a cable station did not move them.

They were stubborn, but polite, and finally even she gave up the endeavor and contented herself with sighing loudly from the depths of a deck chair as she watched Howie pace the deck.

Howie had his hand in a bandage, explaining lightly that he had barely been scratched by a bullet in the fight, and Marcia followed him about the deck with her sympathetic glance, though it was not until evening that she broke the conversational ice.

The full moon was just rising out of the sea as she came toward the spot where he was leaning against the rail. "Does your hand hurt very much?" she asked, trying to make her voice sound cold and polite.

"Not very much," was the indifferent answer. "That is the least of my troubles."

"It is very awkward," she conceded, "to have your boat seized."

"I don't care about the boat," he disclaimed. "They are welcome to the Irene for all I care. She would only serve to remind me of you, and I must put you out of my heart if I can."

"Do you care so much?" she asked wonderingly. "You did not seem to mind yesterday."

"I had some hope yesterday," he declared. "I realize now that there is none."

"'Faint heart ne'er won fair lady,'" she quoted. He grasped her hand.

"Do you mean that, Marcia?" he demanded.

"Perhaps Montague is a little stilted," she conceded. "It is a very silly thing to quarrel over, anyway."

"And you are willing to make up?"

For answer she slipped her hand within his bandaged member. The ring finger shone white and bare in the moonlight. She slipped the ring upon it.

"I was a very silly girl, Fred," she said penitently. "I do not deserve forgiveness."

"We never get our just deserts," he laughed, "and, besides, I should not have poked fun at Montague."

Mrs. Lorraine came up the companionway just in time to see two heads close together. Marcia saw her first.

"It's all right, mother," she laughed. "It was all a mistake."

With a sickening sense of defeat, the elder woman turned and went back to the cabin. With her hand still in his, Howie went forward to the wheelhouse. "It's all right," he said quietly. "Head back for the course."

The man at the wheel touched his cap respectfully and swung the wheel. Marcia started.

"And you have been in command all the time?" she demanded.

"Not exactly," he declared.

"But the mutiny"— she persisted.

"Made to order," he admitted. "When your mother espoused your cause I could see that nothing less than a mutiny would clear the air. You said yourself 'Faint heart ne'er won fair lady.'"

"Poor mother," sighed Marcia. "I don't think you will make an ideal son-in-law."

"But a good husband," he insisted, "and the head of the house."

"Poor mother," said Marcia again.

Spiders In History.

Spiders have played a greater part in history than most people are aware of. Everybody knows how the perseverance of a spider encouraged Robert Bruce to regain his kingdom of Scotland, but not so many know that, according to Jewish tradition, a spider saved David's life. Saul was hunting for him, and his soldiers approached a cave where David was hidden. Shortly before, however, a spider had spun her web at the mouth of the cave, and the soldiers, taking it for granted that if he had taken refuge in the cave he must have broken the web, departed, forgetting the web might have been spun after as well as before his entrance.

Frederick William was king of Prussia, and an attempt was made to poison him with a cup of chocolate. By chance a spider fell into the cup, and for this reason the monarch gave the chocolate to a dog, who immediately died. Inquiry was made, with the result that the cook was hanged, and a large spider wrought in gold now decorates one of the chief rooms of the Winter palace at Potsdam in memory of the king's escape.

Well Recommended.

The buxom maid had been hinting that she did not think much of working out, and this, in conjunction with the nightly appearance of a rather sheepish young man, caused her mistress much apprehension.

"Martha, is it possible that you are thinking of getting married?"

"Yes'm," admitted Martha, blushing.

"Not that young fellow who has been calling on you lately?"

"Yes'm; he's the one."

"But you have known him only a few days."

"Three weeks come Thursday," corrected Martha.

"Do you think that is long enough to know a man before taking such an important step?"

"Well," answered Martha, with spirit, "'tain't 's if he was some new feller. He's well recommended. A perfectly lovely girl I know was engaged to him for a long time."—Everybody's Magazine.

ANNOUNCEMENTS.

ILLINOIS CENTRAL R. R.

New Orleans, Vicksburg

Mardi Gras at New Orleans. Day parades and evening balls, merry making and masking. February 27, 1906. Mardi Gras day, closes the week of carnival. Vicksburg National Military Park with its many monuments and markers erected to commemorate the valor and heroism of American Soldiers.

Havana via New Orleans

Havana, Cuba, is best reached via the Illinois Central through service to New Orleans and the new twin screw S. S. Momus, leaving New Orleans every Saturday at 1:30 p.m. and arriving at Havana on Monday. "The Cuban Special" runs direct to the boatside on Saturday, connecting with Steamship Momus.

Mexico, California

Tour of all Mexico, via Illinois Central R. R., under escort of Ross Campbell, General Manager of the American Tourist Association, Marquette Bldg., Chicago, leaves Chicago Tuesday, January 29. Select clientele. Limited. All exclusive privileges. Independent travel. Special Pullman Vestibule train, Drawing Room compartments, Library and Music Room, with the largest Dining Car in the world, and the famous Open-Top Observation Car Chililitli. Special Baggage Car. Tickets include all expenses everywhere.

Illinois Central Weekly Excursions to California. Excursion cars through to Los Angeles and San Francisco as follows: Via New Orleans and the Southern Route every Wednesday from Chicago; every Tuesday and Friday from Cincinnati and Louisville.

FULL PARTICULARS concerning all of the above can be had of agents of the Illinois Central and connecting lines or by addressing either of the undersigned

A. H. HANSON, P. T. M. Chicago, Ill.
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Sour Stomach

No appetite, loss of strength, nervousness, headache, constipation, bad breath, general debility, sour risings, and catarrh of the stomach are all due to indigestion. Kodol relieves indigestion. This new discovery represents the natural juices of digestion as they exist in a healthy stomach, combined with the greatest known tonic and reconstructive properties. Kodol for dyspepsia does not only relieve indigestion and dyspepsia, but this famous remedy helps all stomach troubles by cleansing, purifying, sweetening and strengthening the mucous membranes lining the stomach.

Mr. S. S. Ball, of Ravenswood, W. Va., says:— "I was troubled with sour stomach for twenty years. Kodol cured me and we are now using it in milk for baby."

Kodol Digests What You Eat.

Bottles only. Relieves indigestion, sour stomach, belching of gas, etc.

Prepared by E. C. DeWITT & CO., CHICAGO.

Ask for the 1906 Kodol Almanac and 200 year calendar.

Rowland Bros., Druggists.

Notice to Our Customers.

We are pleased to announce that Foley's Honey and Tar for coughs colds and lung troubles is not affected by the National Pure Food and Drug law as it contains no opiates or other harmful drugs, and we recommend it as a safe remedy for children and adults. Rowland Bros.

"Danger in Asking Advice."

When you have a cough or a cold do not ask some one what is good for it, as there is danger in taking some unknown preparation. Foley's Honey and Tar cures coughs, colds and prevents pneumonia. The genuine is in a yellow package. Refuse substitutes. Rowland Bros.

Passed Examination Successfully.

James Donahue, New Britain, Conn., writes: "I tried several kidney remedies, and was treated by our best physicians for diabetes, but did not improve until I took Foley's Kidney Cure. After the second bottle I showed improvement, and five bottles cured me completely. I have since passed a rigid examination for life insurance." Foley's Kidney Cure cures backache and all forms of kidney and bladder trouble. Rowland Bros.

ManZan Pile Remedy put up in convenient, collapsible tubes with nozzle attachment so that the remedy may be applied at the very seat of the trouble, thus relieving almost instantly bleeding, itching or protruding piles. Satisfaction guaranteed or money refunded. Rowland Bros., or Leake Bros. Drug store.

Nearly every person who is subject to attacks from the stomach suffers from a morbid dread of a dietetic treatment for relief, that is three-fourths starvation, and one-fourth toast and milk. On the other hand you can eat as you please and digest the food by the aid of a good digestant, thus giving the tired stomach equally as much rest. Eat what you please and take a little Kodol For Indigestion after your meals. It digests what you eat. Sold by Rowland Bros.

It goes to the root of disease, invigorates, strengthens, exhilarates. Its life producing properties are not contained in any other known remedy. Hollister's Rocky Mountain Tea. Tea or Tablets. 35 cents. Rowland Bros.

Pine Salve Carbolized, acts like a poultice; highly antiseptic, extensively used for Eczema, for chapped hands and lips, cuts, burns. Rowland Bros. Leake Bros.

THE Masquerader

By KATHERINE CECIL THURSTON,
Author of "The Circle," Etc.

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CHAPTER IV.

TO those whose sphere lies in the west of London, Fleet street is little more than a name and Clifford's Inn a more dead letter. Yet Clifford's Inn lies as safely stowed away in the shadow of the law courts as any grave under a country church wall. It is as green of grass, as gray of stone, as irresponsive to the passing footstep.

Facing the railed in grass plot of its little court stood the house in which John Loder had his rooms. Taken at a first glance the house had the deserted air of an office, inhabited only in the early hours, but as night fell lights would be seen to show out, first on one floor, then on another—faint, human beacons unconsciously signaling each other. The rooms Loder inhabited were on the highest floor, and from their windows one might gaze philosophically on the treetops, forgetting the uneven pavement and the worn railing that hemmed them around. In the landing outside the rooms his name appeared above his door, but the paint had been soiled by time and the letters for the most part reduced to shadows, so that, taken in conjunction with the gaunt staircase and bare walls, the place had a cheerless look.

Inside, however, the effect was somewhat mitigated. The room on the right hand as one entered the small passage that served as hall was of fair size, though low ceiled. The paint of the wall paneling, like the name above the outer door, had long ago been worn to a dirty and nondescript hue, and the floor was innocent of carpet. Yet in the middle of the room stood a fine old Cromwell table, and on the plain deal bookshelves and along the mantelpiece were some valuable books—political and historical. There were no curtains on the windows and a common reading lamp with a green shade stood on a desk. It was the room of a man with few hobbies and no pleasures, who existed because he was alive and worked because he must.

Three nights after the great fog John Loder sat by his desk in the light of the green shaded lamp. The remains of a very frugal supper stood on the center table, and in the grate a small and economical looking fire was burning.

Having written for close on two hours, he pushed back his chair and stretched his cramped fingers. Then he yawned, rose and slowly walked across the room. Reaching the mantelpiece he took a pipe from the pipe rack and some tobacco from the jar that stood behind the books. His face looked tired and a little worn, as is common with men who have worked long at an uncongenial task. Shredding the tobacco between his hands he slowly filled the pipe, then lighted it from the fire with a spill of twisted paper.

Almost at the moment that he applied the light the sound of steps mounting the uncarpeted stairs outside caught his attention and he raised his head to listen.

Presently the steps halted and he heard a match struck. The stranger was evidently uncertain of his whereabouts. Then the steps moved forward again and paused.

An expression of surprise crossed Loder's face and he laid down his pipe. As the visitor knocked he walked quietly across the room and opened the door.

The passage outside was dark and the newcomer drew back before the light from the room.

"Mr. Loder?" he began interrogatively. Then all at once he laughed in embarrassed apology. "Forgive me," he said. "The light rather dazzled me. I didn't realize who it was."

Loder recognized the voice as belonging to his acquaintance of the fog.

"Oh, it's you!" he said. "Won't you come in?" His voice was a little cold. This sudden resurrection left him surprised, and not quite pleasantly surprised. He walked back to the fireplace, followed by his guest.

The guest seemed nervous and agitated. "I must apologize for the hour of my visit," he said. "My—my time is not quite my own."

Loder waved his hand. "Whose time is his own?" he said.

Chilcote, encouraged by the remark, drew nearer to the fire. Until this moment he had refrained from looking directly at his host. Now, however, he raised his eyes, and, despite his preparation, he started unavoidably before the extraordinary resemblance. Seen here, in the casual surroundings of a badly furnished and scantily lighted room, it was even more astounding than it had been in the mystery of the fog.

"Forgive me," he said again. "It is physical, purely physical. I am bowled over against my will."

Loder smiled. The slight contempt that Chilcote had first inspired rose again, and with it a second feeling less easily defined. The man seemed so unstable, so incapable, yet so grotesquely suggestive to himself.

"The likeness is rather overwhelming," he said, "but not heavy enough to sink under. Come nearer the fire. What brought you here? Curiosity?" There was a wooden armchair by the fireplace. He indicated it with a wave of the hand, then turned and took up his smoldering pipe.

Chilcote, watching him furtively, obeyed the gesture and sat down.

"It is extraordinary!" he said, as if unable to dismiss the subject. "It—it is quite extraordinary!"

The other glanced round. "Let's drop it," he said. "It's so confoundedly obvious." Then his tone changed. "Won't you smoke?" he asked.

"Thanks." Chilcote began to fumble for his cigarettes.

But his host forestalled him. Taking a box from the mantelpiece, he held it out.

"My one extravagance!" he said ironically. "My resources bind me to one; and I think I have made a wise selection. It is about the only vice we haven't to pay for six times over." He glanced sharply at the face so absurdly like his own, then, lighting a fresh spill, offered his guest a light.

Chilcote moistened his cigarette and leaned forward. In the flare of the paper his face looked set and anxious, but Loder saw that the lips did not twitch as they had done on the previous occasion that he had given him a light, and a look of comprehension crossed his eyes.

"What will you have, or, rather, will you have a whisky? I keep nothing else. Hospitality is one of the debarred luxuries."

Chilcote shook his head. "I seldom drink. But don't let that deter you."

Loder smiled. "I have one drink in the twenty-four hours—generally at 2 o'clock, when my night's work is done. A solitary man has to look where he is going."

"You work till 2?"

"Two or 3."

Chilcote's eyes wandered to the desk. "You write?" he asked.

The other nodded curtly.

"Books?" Chilcote's tone was anxious.

Loder laughed, and the bitter note showed in his voice.

"No; not books," he said.

Chilcote leaned back in his chair and passed his hand across his face. The strong wave of satisfaction that the words woke in him was difficult to conceal.

"What is your work?"

Loder turned aside. "You must not ask that," he said shortly. "When a man has only one capacity, and the capacity has no outlet, he is apt to run to seed in a wrong direction. I cultivate weeds, at considerable labor and a very small reward." He stood with his back to the fire, facing his visitor. His attitude was a curious blending of pride, defiance and despondency.

Chilcote leaned forward again. "Why speak of yourself like that? You are a man of intelligence and education." He spoke questioningly, anxiously.

"Intelligence and education!" Loder repeated shortly. "London is cemented with intelligence. And education! What is education? The court dress necessary to presentation, the wig and gown necessary to the barrister. But do the wig and gown necessarily mean briefs or the court dress royal favor? Education is the accessory. It is influence that is essential. You should know that."

Chilcote moved restlessly in his seat. "You talk bitterly," he said.

The other looked up. "I think bitterly, which is worse. I am one of the unlucky beggars who in the expectation of money have been denied a profession—even a trade, to which to cling in time of shipwreck—and who when disaster comes drift out to sea. I warned you the other night to steer clear of me. I come under the head of flotsam."

Chilcote's face lighted. "You came a cropper?" he asked.

"No. It was some one else who came the cropper. I only dealt in results."

"The results?"

"A drop from a probable £8,000 to a certain £300."

Chilcote glanced up. "How did you take it?" he asked.

"I? Oh, I was twenty-five then. I had a good many hopes and a lot of pride; but there is no place for either in a working world."

"But your people?"

"My last relation died with the fortune."

"Your friends?"

Loder laid down his pipe. "I told you I was twenty-five," he said, with the tinge of humor that sometimes crossed his manner. "Doesn't that explain things? I had never sown favors in prosperity. A change of fortune was not likely to alter my views. As I have said, I was twenty-five." He smiled. "When I realized my position I sold all my belongings with the exception of a table and a few books—which I stored. I put on a walking suit and let my beard grow. Then, with my entire capital in my pocket, I left England without saying goodby to any one."

"For how long?"

"Oh, for six years. I wandered half over Europe and through a good part of Asia in the time."

"And then?"

"Then? Oh, I shaved off the beard and came back to London!" He looked at Chilcote, partly contemptuous, partly amused at his curiosity.

But Chilcote sat staring in silence. The domination of the other's personality and the futility of his achievements baffled him.

Loder saw his bewilderment. "You wonder what the devil I came into the world for," he said. "I sometimes wonder the same myself."

At his words a change passed over Chilcote. He half rose, then dropped back into his seat.

"You have no friends?" he said. "Your life is worth nothing to you?"

Loder raised his head. "I thought I had conveyed that impression."

"You are an absolutely free man."

"No man is free who works for his bread. If things had been different I might have been in such shoes as yours, sauntering in legislative byways. My hopes turned that way once. But hopes, like more substantial things, belong to the past"— He stopped abruptly and looked at his companion.

The change in Chilcote had become more acute. He sat fingering his cigarette, his brows drawn down, his lips set nervously in a conflict of emotions. For a space he stayed very still, avoiding Loder's eyes; then, as if decision had suddenly come to him, he turned and met his gaze.

"How if there was a future," he said, "as well as a past?"

(To Be Continued)

POLICE CHIEF IN NEW ROLE

STERLING MAN TAKES HIM FOR PREACHER WHEN REFUSED DRINK.

It was but a few moments after 9 o'clock this morning. The fine snow was falling easily and the atmosphere breathed of a quiet winter morn. An interurban car from Sterling laboriously climbed the Galena avenue hill, and turning into First street, stopped. A man, with a monster frame alighted from the car, and wended his way through the snow to the sidewalk.

He appeared cold, he wabbled as he walked, and nearly fell several times. He stopped in front of the first man he came to and inquired:

"Shay friend-hic-wher can I get some whiskey?"

The man of whom the question was asked was no less a personage than Chief of Police Woodyatt. He realized the man was almost intoxicated, and not being desirous of entertaining a drunken man all day, he made answer:

"You can get whiskey in Sterling where you came from, and unless you want a fall on the streets here, you had better get back to Sterling on the next car."

The stranger thanked him and went on his way. A few moments later he ran against Officer Phelan, and stopped him, he said:

"Shay, pard. Some-hic-blunkety-dunk preacher just told me-hic- I would have to go to work on the streets if I didn't get out of town."

When chief and subordinate met a few moments later and the experience was related by both, the force was set to work looking for the man who had mistaken the policeman for a preacher. But he had taken the advice that had been given him. He had gone back to Sterling.

ANOTHER EPISCOPALEAN BECOMES CATHOLIC.

The Chicago Inter Ocean says:

One of the most notable receptions of converts into the Catholic church in recent years will be held in this city Thursday, when Rev. Frederick E. J. Lloyd, D. D., of Uniontown, Pa., and his wife and nine sons and daughters will be formally received into the Catholic church by the Very Rev. P. J. O'Callahan, Superior of the Paulist Fathers. The ceremony, which will be private, will take place in St. Mary's church, Wabash avenue and Eldredge Place. Following his reception into the Catholic church Dr. Lloyd will give a number of the lectures in St. Mary's church at the mission for non-Catholics which will open Sunday night.

Two of the first missions given by Dr. Lloyd were held in the Chicago diocese two months ago, one at Englewood and the other at Sterling, Ill. Before his departure for the east Dr. Lloyd informed one of the Paulist fathers of St. Mary's church that after a mental struggle of ten years he had decided to relinquish his charge and embrace Catholicism.

DIXONITES IN ARIZONA.

A draft received this morning from Bisbee, Arizona, for subscription to the Evening Telegraph is interesting from the fact that it contains the names of two former Dixonites, the sender, Clarence E. Kribbill and the cashier of the bank, B. M. Moore. Mr. Moore was formerly of the Union State bank in this city and is now cashier of the Citizens' bank of Bisbee. Mr. Kribbill is conducting a piano studio in the Arizona city.

SENATE VS. DENEEN

That is What a Resolution Before That Body Is Thought to Mean.

GOVERNOR SNIFFS THE BATTLE

Says He'll Call an Extra Session in a Certain Contingency—Cool, Brave Chicago Girl.

Springfield, Ill., Jan. 16.—The introduction in the state senate of a seemingly innocent resolution providing for an investigation of the recent election of J. T. Harahan as president of the Illinois Central railroad has precipitated the first clash between the upper branch of the assembly and the executive department. The "senate combine" is generally credited with support of the resolution, and political wiseacres are pointing to the event as the the inauguration of the predicted war upon Governor Deneen by the forces that control the senate.

Is Senator Hopkins in the Move?

The fact that Senator Evans, of Aurora introduced the resolution has brought the names of United States Senator Hopkins to the front in the matter, and friends of Governor Deneen declare the Aurora senator would not have taken such a significant step without at least the sanction of the junior United States senator. In any event the row promises to assume serious proportions, with not only the proposed suit against the Illinois Central Railroad company, but the United States senatorship two years hence at stake.

Direct Slap at the Governor.

The resolution is generally taken as a direct slap at Governor Deneen. While providing, ostensibly, for an investigation of the recent election of President Harahan the measure also provides for inquiry into other facts concerning the railroad. This clause, it is alleged, might give the assembly authority to supersede the governor in the latter's investigation, already instituted. At least would have the effect of tying up indefinitely the appropriation of $170,000 asked by Governor Deneen for the use of his department and that of the attorney general for the prosecution of legal proceedings against the road.

Deneen Has on Fighting Togs.

That Governor Deneen will not submit quietly to such action was evidenced in a statement given out from the executive office. In this statement the governor sets out the reasons why the $170,000 appropriation was asked for, and makes a threat to recall the assemblymen into extraordinary session in the event that they should let the present session pass without making the required appropriation.

GIRL WAS COOL AND BRAVE

She Directs the Work of Rescuing Her from Between a Train and the Platform.

Chicago, Jan. 16.—Crushed until almost lifeless, and held in a vise between an elevated train and a platform, Lillian Dahlke, 22 years old, coolly directed the work of firemen who had to cut away part of the Metropolitan station at Canal and West Van Buren streets to extricate her, while scores of frightened passengers stood by unable to give the young woman any relief. Miss Dahlke, whose home is at 103 Medill avenue, may die from her injuries.

The accident adds another victim to those who have suffered from the crowding of elevated platforms during the rush hours of traffic. It occurred a few minutes after a general tie-up in the downtown district and when several trains were stalled at the station.

Widow Carried Out the Programme.

Paris, Ill., Jan. 16.—The body of Dr. L. S. Butler, a traveling hypnotist, who died suddenly at Mattoon, the early part of last week, was brought here and buried by the Paris lodge of Elks. Mrs. Butler, who was her husband's chief assistant in his entertainments, refused to allow the canceling of dates for Thursday, Friday and Saturday evenings at the local opera house. She took charge of the work in person and gave the entire programme, as scheduled.

Poultry Must Be Kept at Home.

Newman, Ill., Jan. 16. — The city council has passed an ordinance prohibiting poultry from running at large, since which time the people have shown much division of sentiment. Remonstrances are being circulated in every ward. Only one alderman opposed the ordinance and he is being strongly pushed for mayor.

Stepped in Front of Death.

Gilman, Ill., Jan. 16.—As Rev. J. G. Blair, a Methodist minister of Clifton, was walking to Ashkum on the Illinois Central tracks he stepped from one track to another to avoid a freight train, and was struck by the daylight special and instantly killed.

Safe Blowers Were Baffled.

Peoria, Ill., Jan. 16.—Safe blowers made an ineffectual attempt to rob the bank in Tivoli, a small town eighteen miles west of Peoria. They dynamited the safe, but only broke open the outer door. The explosion awoke the town and the robbers fled.

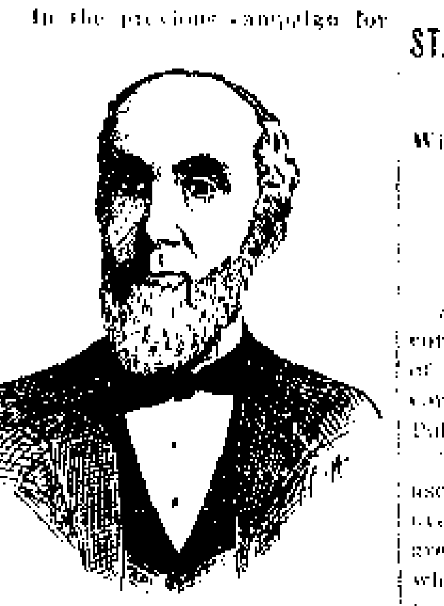
Used a Razor on His Throat.

Kewanee, Ill., Jan. 16. — Joseph Stanley, aged 42 years, while temporarily insane killed himself by cutting his throat with a razor.

SECOND LARGEST CONTRIBUTOR

J. F. PALMER SHOWED HIS INTEREST IN Y. M. C. A. WITH $1,000 GIFT.

A Dixon man who aided materially in the success of the Y. M. C. A. building fund campaign is J. F. Palmer. In the previous campaign for



HON. J. F. PALMER.
Whose gift of $1,000 Did Much to Assure Success of Y. M. C. A. Campaign.

funds he donated $500 and on the last day of the present campaign which has just closed he followed Mr. Reiss' pledge with a second pledge of $500 and assured the success of the effort to close the campaign Saturday night. With this gift of $1,000 Mr. Palmer stands as the second largest contributor to the new building and has shown most emphatically his deep interest in the young men of Dixon.

MOTORMAN WAS DOING HIS DUTY

STOPPING CAR, CHASED YOUNG MAN WHO HAD NOT PAID FARE.

Residents along the line of the street car company in North Dixon were given an unusual spectacle at about 8 o'clock Monday evening which occasioned much comment and a good deal of wonder. To see a motorman on a city car stop his car and take after a young man who had just gotten off the car and chase him nearly a block was certainly out of the ordinary, and this procedure which actually did take place, led to rumors of robbery or hold-up.

But such was not the case. The motorman was simply obeying his instructions to get fare from every passenger. This young man got on the car at First street and stood on the rear platform until North Dixon was reached and then jumped off and started away. The motorman saw him, stopped the car a length, and then chased said passenger nearly a block, finally catching up with and grabbing him. He got the coin, too.

GOOD START FOR AN ICE GORGE

SLUSH ICE IS COLLECTING IN A MASS BELOW THE DAM.

Pessimistic persons are predicting an ice gorge here unless the river freezes over solidly soon. The slush ice which has been coming down stream for the past few weeks has packed together into a compact mass below the dam on the north side of the river and this mass of soft and slush ice is constantly growing wider. As it is now there is still a narrow channel on the south side of the river.

Shortly before noon today the big field of ice just above the dam started to break away and all afternoon it has added its mass to that already collected below the waterfall. The very disastrous gorge at Sterling last winter, which started in much the same way the ice is packing up here, is the reason many are watching the noise of the ice here so interestedly.

FELL UPON SLIPPERY WALK.

Miss Grace Bartlett is unable to be at her work in the O. H. Martin dry goods store today because of a painful fall which she had on the slippery sidewalk in front of the store Monday noon. She sustained several painful bruises in the mishap but it is not expected she will be kept at home long.

ROY SELF ILL.

Word was received here this morning by the family of E. E. Self that Roy Self, a son who resides at Plano, Ill., is dangerously ill. Mr. Self has gone from Downer's Grove to his son's bedside and Mrs. Self will leave for Plano in the morning.

BRIDGE COMMITTEE IN JOINT MEETING

SUPERVISORS OF DISTRICT TO GATHER AT POLO FEBRUARY 7TH.

STATE OFFICER WILL BE PRESENT

Will Endeavor to Avoid Errors As To Bridges For County Highways.

A joint meeting of the bridge commission from supervisor boards of all the counties of the Thirteenth congressional district will meet at Polo, Thursday, February 7.

The object of the meeting is to ascertain if the counties are being overcharged for bridge work by the great bridge manufactories from which they produce steel structures to cross the creeks and streams on the highways in this part of Illinois. It is hoped by comparing notes to make it possible to save some of the expense which is being assessed to counties and townships wherever new work is being done.

Special committees have been appointed by Carroll, Ogle, Lee, Whiteside and Stephenson counties, and they will all meet together at Polo, February 7.

Plans for Meeting.

More detailed plans will in due time be made public of the meeting, upon receipt of inquiries sent out. It is likely that the first meeting will be held in the afternoon of the first day at which time State Highway Engineer Johnson will be asked to meet in session with the committees. In the evening of the first day a public address will be given by the member of the state commission on the subject of "Highway Bridges."

To this meeting in the evening, or if it is more desirable to have it in the afternoon, it can be so arranged, as many of the commissioners of highways and supervisors as possible who can arrange to attend the public meeting will be invited. Any and everybody will be invited to this meeting whether an official or not.

The following letter to a member of the commission explains the position of the state commission:

Highway Commission, Springfield, Ill., January 8, 1907.

Mr. A. A. Strauch, Chadwick, Ill.

Dear Sir:—I have at hand your letter of the 3d inst., in our bridge engineer, Mr. Older, who referred the matter to me. As I understand the situation, your committee has two things in mind, investigating work that is done, and making plans to avoid the same errors in the future. You will, of course, readily appreciate that so far as investigating what has been done is concerned that we could not necessarily be of any help whatever. So far as making plans to avoid these conditions in the future, I believe we can be of help to you, as you already know from Mr. Older's talk.

Engineer May Come.

Whether our attendance at your proposed meeting would be of any benefit would depend largely on the immediate purpose and object of the meeting. If, as I understand from your letter, it is to discuss the question of how highway bridges can be built in the future to avoid mistakes of the past, we would be glad to attend the meeting and give a talk along this line. You understand, however, that we cannot of course be a party to any sort of investigation. Our work is not taking up past mistakes, seeing that they are corrected in future work. Either Mr. Older or myself will attend your meeting, probably it will be myself, unless I have conflicting engagements. I have, at present but one engagement for the week of February 4th, the date of which has not been definitely fixed.

Therefore, if you name the date of your meeting before I hear from the other parties, I will have them change the date of their meeting if it conflicts with yours, and vice versa.

Very truly yours,
A. N. Johnson,
State Highway Engineer.

DISCOVERS LONG LOST ART.

Marinette, Wis., Jan. 16.—William Gerard of Ducommun Rapids says that he has discovered the long lost art of tempering copper and shows a piece of copper he is using in place of steel springs in a rifle. He has applied for patent.

I. E. EDWARDS
COUNTY SUPERINTENDENT SCHOOLS of Lee County, Ill. Teachers' examinations at his office, in the Court House, Dixon, the first Saturday in every month with the exceptions of January and July. Examinations begin at 9 o'clock a. m. and close at 5 o'clock p. m. The Annual Institute will be held in Amboy Aug 21-24, 1906.

J. F. PALMER.
ATTORNEY AT LAW, Real Estate and Loan. Office Union Block, 2nd floor First St., Dixon.

TRUSDELL & SMITH,
ATTORNEYS AT LAW. Office over Dixon National Bank, Dixon, Illinois.

MEDICINE.

C. C. HUNT.
PHYSICIAN and Surgeon, Dixon, Ill. Office in Hunt Building. Residence Third street. Office telephone No. 12; Residence No. 92.

O. B. BLACKMAN, M. D.
HOMEOPATHIC Physician and Surgeon. Office O. H. Brown's Block. Residence North Side, two blocks north of bridge. Office hours 10 to 11 a. m., and 2 to 4 p. m.

I am in Chicago taking a post-graduate course in Neurology—But will be in my office, Dixon

Saturday

JAN. 19.

Aydelotte THE EYEMAN
Loveland Building

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Errors of refraction and muscle errors of the Eye, scientifically treated and

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Child's Overcoats........$1.50 and up
Men's Suits.............$3.50 to $10.00
Boys' Suits—long pants..$2.50 to $7.50
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Women's Dongola Shoes............95c
Boys' Shoes, 9 to 13½ Shoes.........95c
Boys' Shoes, 1 to 2 Shoes.........$1.15
Boys' Shoes, 2½ to 5½ Shoes.......$1.40
Men's Fine Satin Calf Shoes.....$1.75
Women's Storm Rubbers....45 and 50c
Men's Storm Rubbers..............70c
Men's Artics Overshoes...95c to $1.35
Women's Artics Overshoes..75c to 90c
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D. SWIFT & Co.

FRANK REAP INJURED WHEN TEAM RAN AWAY.

Frank Reap of this city had a very disastrous and exciting runaway near Prairieville Monday afternoon, from which he emerged with many painful bruises and cuts, and in which his wagon and harness were badly broken. He was driving slowly along the road just east of Prairieville when suddenly, for no apparent cause, his team started to run madly and soon got beyond his control. He was thrown out violently and dragged some distance. His left ear was badly cut, there were several very painful scratches on his neck and his face is badly bruised in a number of places as a result of his painful experience. The wagon is also damaged considerably.

SEMI-WEEKLY TELEGRAPH

$1.00 Year

PUBLISHED BY
B. F. SHAW PRINTING COMPANY

ENTERED AS SECOND CLASS MATTER AT DIXON POST OFFICE.

To live content with small means; to seek elegance rather than luxury and refinement rather than fashion; to be worthy, not respectable, and wealthy, not rich; to study hard, think quietly, talk gently, act frankly; to listen to stars and birds, to babes and sages, with open heart; to bear all cheerfully; do all bravely, await occasions, hurry never—in a word, to let the spiritual, unbidden and unconscious, grow up through the common—this is to be my symphony.—Channing.

Don't worry; eat three square meals a day; say your prayers; be courteous to your creditors; exercise; go slow and go easy. Maybe there are other things that your special case requires to make you happy, but, my friend, these, I reckon, will give you a good lift.—Abraham Lincoln.

Dixon is the county seat of one of the richest counties in the state of Illinois, located in one of the richest agricultural region in the United States—has two steam railroads, one splendid electric railway system, one interurban, the largest condensing milk factory in the world, one of the largest plow factories, large shoe factory, large wire screen factory and thirty or more smaller manufacturing plants. It has three good hotels. For a city of its size it has the best city hall in the state. It has a large and modern Y. M. C. A. building. It is an educational center—home of Northern Illinois Normal School, a splendid Military school, two first class business colleges, two schools of music and two good high schools, and is the home of the Rock River Chautauqua Assembly. The city has eight churches and many church societies. It has a first class opera house. The city stands on high elevation, has natural drainage, and the surrounding scenery is the most beautiful in the state. It is a good city to reside in and it has some of the finest homes ever seen. Population 10,000.

DIXON DOES THINGS

LEGISLATIVE TROUBLE AT SPRINGFIELD.

Springfield dispatches indicate that trouble is probable to result over the proposed investigation of the Illinois Central railroad company regarding the matter of that seven per cent of the road's net earnings, belonging to the state, which certain statesmen at Springfield claim the company has not paid in full. By some hocus pocus account rendered by the company's bookkeeping, it is claimed that the state has not received its full quota of that seven per cent, on net earnings of the road. It is claimed that there are many thousands of dollars due the state.

Governor Deneen now asks the legislature to appropriate one hundred and fifty thousand dollars for the purpose of investigating the company's books. It is a good, round sum, but lawyers demand extravagant fees in such matters, where a state is plaintiff and a rich railroad company is defendant; in all such cases there is fat picking for your lawyers.

The only hitch in the matter is indicated by some sort of a mild opposition to the appropriation coming from Senator Evans of Aurora.

Indeed, there is talk of a break between the state leaders and the governor, and this is indicated by the stand taken by Senator Evans, who is considered a sort of leader of the senate combine.

There is, however, hope for peace, because we are assured by a Springfield dispatch that "there is no desire to treat Mr. Evans unkindly, and several formal talks have been had with him during the progress of the evening to bring him to see the wisdom of doing nothing with his memorial. Mr. Evans is an old and valued member of the organization and there is no intention to treat him harshly," as we learn from the correspondents.

Here is a case where discretion is very much the better part of valor. The governor knows quite as well as The Telegraph that when that old war horse, Hank Evans, is once stirred up, he not only "smelleth battle from afar," but is liable to get right into the fight.

Extended resolutions offered by Senator Evans call attention to the fact that as the laws of Illinois require that all corporation directors shall be residents of the state, and as at a recent election of trustees of the Illinois Central company in New York only two of the directors were residents of this state, that company is an illegal affair; and this is a matter that needs quite as urgent attention as a prosecution of the seven per cent claim.

It is hinted that there is a break between the republican senate organization and the governor, but as newspaper correspondents must have something to write about it is hard to judge at all times which is which when we read a Springfield dispatch.

GOOD REPUBLICAN SPEECH.

The senior editor of The Telegraph recently delivered a speech at a banquet given by the Young Men's Republican Club of Rockford and the Republican editorially prefaces the speech printed in that paper with these kindly words:

Shaw told of party growth. Dixon man who was one of the founders of the Republican party, gave a great address to Young Men's Republican Club—Over 300 young men at the armory.

Telling of the Republican party and its growth from 1856 to 1907, predicting a great future for the organization with President Roosevelt as the leader, Hon. Ben. F. Shaw, veteran Republican of Dixon, urged the members of the Young Men's Republican Club last evening to continue its good work for the party in Winnebago county and northern Illinois.

The address was delivered at the third annual banquet of the club, held at the armory and attended by over 300 young men of Winnebago county and a number of the older Republicans of Winnebago county. The second last evening was the most successful undertaken by the club and the gathering was the largest one ever held of young Republicans of the county. Mr. Shaw's address was the feature of the evening and was attentively listened to by the large audience. The speaker received round after round of applause.

THE SALTON SEA.

What to do about the Salton Sea is a problem which congress must decide within the next few weeks or never. President Roosevelt has sent in an emergency message describing the situation and telling a remarkable story of a struggle between man and nature, with nature now holding the upper hand.

The Imperial Valley of San Diego county, California, also known as the Salton Sink, lies below sea level and also about 240 feet below the level of the Colorado river which flows along its eastern side. The valley is protected by low hills which extend as far as the Mexican border, but there end. Irrigation has been the great need of the valley, and a few years ago a private company undertook to supply it by leading the water of the river around the southern end of the hills and through Mexico back into California. The company rebelled in huge profits, which its officials pocketed instead of using for permanent irrigation works. With what the president calls "criminal negligence" no controlling works were erected at the river where the cut was made, and when the floods came down the river tore through its soft banks and began to flow down the Salton country. To save its tracks the Southern Pacific Railroad company spent $3,000,000 and patched up the bank, finishing the work Nov. 4, last. A month later came a rise in the river, which tore the levees out again. With the spring floods such a breach will be made that enormous expenditures will be necessary to save the valley from being turned into an inland lake, if, indeed, there will be any hope of saving it.

The president urges that the rights of the private improvement company be acquired on reasonable terms, that $2,000,000 be appropriated for work in building permanent levees, and that funds be provided for an irrigation scheme on a huge scale.

He estimated that 700,000 acres of land "as fertile as the Nile Valley" can be reclaimed, and he illustrates the importance of the work by pointing out that the entire producing area of southern California is only about 250,000 acres. The land will support, he thinks, from 250,000 to 500,000 people, and the land values alone, under proper irrigation and protection, should be worth from $200,000,000 to $400,000,000.

He makes out a very strong case for both the appropriation and the further reclamation work.—Chicago Record-Herald.

FACTS FROM BROWNSVILLE.

The box full of ball cartridges and empty shells which President Roosevelt sent to the senate as mementoes from Brownsville must have given many of the senators much pain as it lay upon the vice president's table. And, indeed, these senators deserved all the pain they felt. For the cartridges were mute witnesses to the fact that the senate has been wasting a lot of time and making itself ridiculous for small political purposes.

There are just three questions involved in the affair of the colored battalion. One is the constitutional question as to the president's powers as commander in chief of the army. It looks weighty, but actually it is trivial. His critics have made no case at all.

The next is to the facts. Did colored soldiers "shoot up" the town? The proof is now overwhelming.

The third is as to the president's wisdom in the course he took in discharging the battalion without honor. That is none of the senate's business. But even here no case has been made against him. The battalion had been impossible owing to its many offenses. Its members were banded together to the last man to protect their own malefactors. There was no cure except its discharge. If it couldn't be discharged with honor, it had to be discharged without honor.

The president made one mistake in barring the discharged soldiers from civil office under the government. He had no power to issue such an order, and the order in this respect was null and void from the day of its issue. He has admitted his error and withdrawn the order.

The case is closed, except for the plenty one politics, the kind that is making Foraker famous.—Record-Herald.

PERSONAL NEWS.

(From Thursday's Daily.)

Al. Weigle is on the sick list.

Miss Beth Heath is seriously ill.

Miss Nellie Carney is on the sick list.

Lee Hart has been ill for several days.

Will Trion visited friends in Ashton Saturday.

George C. Loveland has gone to Excelsior Springs, Mo.

Mrs. D. Heckman has recovered from her recent illness.

William Philpott was in Ashton yesterday on business.

S. B. Eakle of Prophetstown was here Monday on business.

Miss Bertha Oonnerman visited friends in Rochelle Sunday.

Z. R. Newcomer of Mt. Morris was here Saturday on business.

William Ashford of Polo was a visitor in this city last evening.

Attorney F. M. James of Amboy was here today attending court.

John Newberry of Cleveland, O., arrived in Dixon today at noon.

Frank Eakle of Hamilton township was a Dixon visitor Monday.

Mrs. Harmel is ill at the home of her daughter, Mrs. J. F. Winchester.

Mrs. M. N. Edwards, who resides on the Fuller farm is seriously ill.

Ottie Burright left this morning for Texas, where he will spend the winter.

Irving Lewis of Palmyra is convalescent from his recent attack of pneumonia.

Mrs. T. J. Miller is reported as recovering rapidly from her recent serious illness.

Mrs. Mary A. Noble, Mrs. Theron Cumins and Mrs. Charles A. Todd left this morning for New Orleans and from that city the party will go to Gulfport, Miss., to spend several weeks with Judge S. H. Bethea. From Gulfport the ladies will proceed to California where they will spend the winter.

Miss Emma Smith, trained nurse, who has been seriously ill is slowly mending better.

Miss Anna Binder of South Dixon visited at the home of Charles Russell near Polo, Sunday.

C. F. Bird accompanied us far as La Salle this morning a party of land seekers who are on their way to the golden northwest.

Mr. and Mrs. Orlow Muzzey of DeKalb and Mr. J. Dougherty of Philadelphia spent Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. G. C. Morris.

David Kelly, formerly of the firm at the milk factory and who was recently married, has gone to Chicago where he will make his future home.

The four year old son of Mr. and Mrs. Charles Hammers of Grand Detour, who has been very ill with pneumonia has taken a relapse and is again dangerously ill.

A force of carpenters commenced work on the Wheeler building on First street this morning to make the alterations necessary for the occupation by the restaurant which a Chicago firm is to start there this week.

Rev. James A. Brown of the University of Chicago, who delighted a Dixon congregation at the Baptist church recently, has been secured to occupy the pulpit of that church Sunday.

Mrs. Garret Gerdes and daughter, Louise, and Miss Lottie Sartorus will leave Wednesday for Ackley, Ia., where they will attend the marriage of Mrs. Gerdes' nephew, William Koterbink to Miss Lena Fischer.

John Crabtree returned from Chicago, where Saturday evening he attended a banquet and meeting of a college fraternity of which he is a member. The banquet was held at the Victoria hotel and was largely attended. Mr. Crabtree says he had an exceptionally good time.

William R. Long, a prominent citizen of May township, was at one time assistant to Abraham Lincoln when that distinguished American citizen was doing surveying in this county. Mr. Long is a hale and hearty old gentleman and is proud to relate this part of his life.

MAKE WORK EASIER FOR RURAL MAIL CARRIERS

The Winterset Madisonian is to be credited with a good suggestion in aid of the rural mail carriers. The idea is not original with that paper, but it is happily put and will bear republication:

"With the approach of winter, patrons of the rural mail routes can add much to the convenience and comfort of carriers by a little thoughtfulness. Shovel the snow drifts from your box after each storm. It will require but a few minutes' work and make the carrier's work easier. Don't drop loose pennies in boxes. The carrier must stop his team, remove his mittens, and pick up the pennies one at a time. If you, alone, practiced that, it would make no great difference, but when a carrier makes 20 or 25 stops for this purpose it robs him of time needed to make the route and needlessly exposes him to the cold. All carriers carry stamp books that cost only one cent in addition to the stamp value. Buy them from your carrier. He is none too well paid and during the season of bad roads it requires every effort to make the routes in time for the outgoing mails. Make the carrier's work as easy as possible.

The inference might be drawn from the above that the carrier makes something personally by the sale of stamps. He does not get a cent, or any profit whatever by the sale of stamps. The patrons of rural routes do not buy sugar by the ounce, nor flour by the pint. It will be a good habit to form to buy the stamp books which contain 12, 24, and 48 two-cent stamps respectively, and cost one cent extra for the covers. Or buy stamps by the sheet and have them on hand ready for all occasions. The annual expense for postage is no greater than to buy in smaller quantities.

Roy Raffenberger went to Franklin Grove Wednesday on insurance business.

Supervisor M. A. Crawford and wife were here from Franklin Grove today visiting friends and relatives.

SMULSKI CAN'T WAIT

Legislature Is Too Deliberate Over That Law to Regulate the State Funds.

HE WILL TAKE HOLD MONDAY

Assuming the Office and Duties of State Treasurer—Dead Man in a Street Car.

Springfield, Ill., Jan. 17.—John F. Smulski of Chicago, state treasurer-elect, will be conducted into office next Monday, and in so doing he will waive the possibility of the application to his administration of any act relating to the loaning of state funds that may be passed by the present assembly. Smulski had expressed a hope for the passage of an act which would permit him to loan the state's funds for the benefit of the state, but the action of the senate in postponing until next Tuesday the further consideration of the bill relating to this subject ended the possibility of a realization of his hope.

Law Cannot Apply to Smulski Now.

State Treasurer Small, several days ago, agreed to continue in charge of the office ten days longer in order to allow the assembly time to pass an emergency act relating to the loaning of state money. The senate's action in postponing the measure makes it impossible to pass the act before the ten days expires, and the act cannot be made to apply to Smulski's administration if passed after his induction into office. Smulski will be compelled to give bond in the sum of $1,000,000. He will give a personal bond, as the cost of a surety bond for this amount would be $2,500 a year. The bond will be filed in the office of Secretary of State Rose.

New Trolley Line Incorporated.

Springfield, Ill., Jan. 17.—The secretary of state has issued an incorporation license to the Decatur, Taylorville and Litchfield Traction company. It is proposed to construct a railroad from Decatur, Ill., to Litchfield, Ill. The incorporators and first board of directors are: Dudley Taylor, Frederick W. Job, Thomas B. O'Donnell, Alma L. Dorothy and W. W. Taylor.

Widows' and Orphans' Fund Society.

Springfiel, Ill., Jan. 17.—The policyholders of the Widows' and Orphans' Fund Insurance organization, at the annual meeting, received reports showing assets of $255,147 and a membership of 3,000. The organization was formerly an adjunct to the United Catholic Societies of America, but was placed under a separate charter at the last convention of the societies.

DEAD MAN FOR PASSENGER

Street Car Conductor Thinks the Man Is Asleep, and So He Is, Forever.

Chicago, Jan. 17.—With a dead man for a passenger, Conductor Louis Wolf of an Eighteenth street car rode from Hawthorne to Lowitt street and Blue Island avenue. He did not discover his passenger was a corpse until he tried to awaken the man. Wolf at once stopped the car and notified the Hinman street police who removed the unidentified body to undertaking rooms.

The man boarded the car at Twenty-sixth street and Fortieth court. There was nothing unusual in his actions, and he did not appear to be ill or suffering pain. He sat down, and after Wolf collected the fare the conductor took a seat opposite the passenger to avoid the cold on the platform. The conductor supposed the man was dozing when he swayed with the motion of the car. When Blue Island avenue was reached Wolf tried to arouse the man and discovered that he was dead.

Costs Less for Illumination.

Rock Island, Ill., Jan. 17.—The price of gas and electricity has been reduced voluntarily about 25 per cent, so that the former will now cost the consumer $1 and the latter 10 3-5 cents, according to an announcement made by the Tri-City Railway and Light company, which recently merged the utilities of Rock Island, Moline and Davenport. The company contemplates improvements calling for an outlay of $3,000,000 in addition to the $8,500,000 which was paid for the property.

Going to Initiate Diaz.

Bloomington, Ill., Jan. 17. — Many Shriners from central Illinois have joined a party of 200 from Chicago en route on a special train to the city of Mexico to confer the shriner's degree upon President Diaz and his cabinet. The excursionists will be away two weeks. The trip is one of the most notable in the history of Masonary.

Illinois W. C. T. U. Meeting.

Springfield, Ill., Jan. 17. — The state executive committee of the Women's Christian Temperance Union at a meeting held here, decided to hold the annual convention in Quincy during October. The exact date will be fixed later.

Re-Elected Eleven Times.

Springfield, Ill., Jan. 17. — The state board of health has re-elected Dr. J. A. Egan, of Springfield, secretary, for the eleventh consecutive term. Dr. W. J. Webster, of Chicago, was re-elected president.

Aged College Instructress Dies.

Galesburg, Ill., Jan. 17. — Mrs. Sarah McCall a graduate of Mount Holyoke college class of '51, and thirty years an instructress in the academy of Knox college, is dead, aged 78.

Good Washing Machines

A good Washing Machine is a great labor-saver. Our line is the finest ever brought out by any maker. : : : :

Ocean Wave
Automatic
High Speed
Eclipse

E. N. Howell Hardware Co
DIXON, ILLINOIS.

Episcopal Church to Celebrate Anniversary

The three hundredth anniversary of the establishment of the Episcopal church in America will be celebrated at the Jamestown Exposition to be held at Jamestown, Va., the coming summer. The Episcopal church in America was established at Jamestown, Va., on May 13, 1607, simultaneously with the settlement of Jamestown on that date, and the anniversary celebration next October will be held on the site of the original church built at Jamestown on May 16, 1607.

The sessions will be attended by 1,000 clergy, 100 bishops and thousands of lay members. They will gather on the spot where the original church stood and present a mammoth muster roll containing names of over 100,000 people who represent the church, every one of whom was baptised with the service as prescribed by the liturgy. In order to obtain the roll a committee will be formed in each parish to secure the autographs of members who have been baptised, also a birthday gift from each, all to be presented as a worthy remembrance of the establishment of the first church in America.

The English colonists arrived on May 13, 1607 on the banks of the river which they named James, in honor of their king, who had sent the expedition. They built a fort on May 14, and two days later completed the construction of the first church, in which services were held on the following day, which was Sunday. At that service the church litany was used and that never since has there been a day when the English church litany was not used in America.

The church is now steadily growing, though for 275 years after its establishment in this country it was held back by the feeling of antagonism against England. Within the last ten years the ranks of Episcopal clergy had been strengthened by ministers from other denominations as follows: Methodist 109; Baptist 38; Presbyterian 37; Congregational 17; Catholic 21; Reform Church 11; Lutheran 11; Advent 10; Unitarian 6; other denominations 37, making a total of 350.

TRIBUTE IS PAID TO BIRDSALL I. HITCHCOCK.

We are again called upon to mourn the death of one who but to know him was to love him. Birdsall I. Hitchcock is gone. In the midst of his good achievements and in the maturity of his wisdom the Great Ruler has seen fit to take him from his mother earth. We shall ever remember his kind and loving deeds and they will ever remain with us as a monument to his memory and a guidance for our lives.

"We describe without art a death which we mourn without deceit."

His family have lost a kind and loving husband, father, his neighbors a sympathetic friend. Kindness was the main spring and guide of his heart, and his loss is keenly felt by all who knew him. He was of a sympathetic nature. He was deeply moved by the perils and the hardships of his fellow men. We have seen his features betray his emotions at the story of others' misfortunes and he was ever ready to confer with them in the hour of trouble. He was ready to soothe the turbulent spirits with his patience and good nature. He despised the hypocrite, he was outspoken, not hasty of speech, but firm. He was a Christian all of the time, broad in his belief, generous to all and manly in every act. In his departure the young man have lost a friend, the older men a good companion. This good, kind man was not ill long, but during that short illness he learned that the time had come and was prepared to go.

Softer and brighter grew the tints on the sky of parting day; and the lingering rays, more even than the glories of noon, announced how divine was the source which they preceded; how incapable to be quenched; how certain to rise on a morning which no night should follow.

Such a character was made to be loved. It was loved. His plain neighbors loved him and one said when he was laid away, "How lonesome the world seems now."

True he lived but a short time among us, but every day when he was among us brought him nearer and as we came to know him better our friendship grew stronger.

We have heard how tender the son of a kind and Christian father had been, we know how tender the husband, the father, the brother, the friend and neighbor was; that he loved little children and reverenced God, the scriptures, the Sabbath day, the constitution and the law.

Whatever our grief may be in the presence of such a loss, let us accept. Providence knows what it does when it puts friends face to face with the supreme mystery and gives them death to reflect on.

"It is not the end, it is the beginning; It is not extinction, it is eternity."

William L. Leech.

NELSON.

Nelson, Ill., Jan. 15.—Some 700 cars of stock passed through Nelson Sunday night.

Phillips Bros. shipped a car of sheep Wednesday night and one Sunday night.

Rhinehart Cornelius has moved his family into the Dave Reed house and is superintendent at the coal chutes.

Mrs. Harlet McKinstry has gone to Sandwich to visit friends.

Mrs. Fay Terwilliger and children have returned to DeKalb, as the scarlet fever at that place has ceased spreading. She was at the home of her parents for two weeks.

T. L. Sexton was a caller in town Saturday and Sunday.

Mrs. Theron Hendricks and daughter, Mrs. Thatcher Grover, have visited Mrs. Klaus Seibolt for a few days.

John King, of Clarksville, Ia., is visiting his uncle, M. C. Stitzel.

Brant Paige has resigned his position as leverman at tower N. J., and has gone firing. Harry Ortgieson has the day job at the tower and Lester Poffenberger nights.

Mr. and Mrs. Harry Rubendahl of Ohio Station are the guests of Mr. and Mrs. Dick Phillips for a week.

Mrs. Harriet McKinstry has devoted $250 to the Y. M. C. A. for a memorial window for her husband, the late John McKinstry.

Mrs. Jesse Shafer and Miss Laura Shaffer are visiting with their cousins, the Talmage young people.

Will Hartshorn is assisting Mr. Thompson at the court house.

PAY YOUR SUBSCRIPTION

Note the date on the label onwhich your name is printed and if you are in arrears, please pay your subscrip- tion at once.

MAN IS STABBED AT A COUNTRY DANCE.

Galena, Jan. 17.—During the progress of a dance at the Eversoll home near Hanover Saturday night, Louis Eversoll, a farmer, was stabbed with a knife in the hands of a man named Conley. How the trouble originated is not known at this time.

A party of young people gathered at the Eversoll home during the evening and about 9 o'clock music was secured and dancing commenced. It is said that there was plenty for everybody to drink and within an hour Conley was partially intoxicated. In this condition he commenced to quarrel with Eversoll. The two men grappled and in the struggle Conley drew a knife and stabbed Eversoll in the neck.

There was a terrible gash made and the blood flowed freely. The knife entered the flesh back of the ear and was drawn toward the throat. The gash was eight inches long and about an inch deep where the knife first penetrated the flesh. The jugular vein was not severed and the man will live.

So far as can be learned, no arrests have been made. Excitement was at a high pitch and the dance broke up after the stabbing affray. A physician was called and dressed the injured man's wound.

DE KALB YOUTH LOSES BOTH LEGS ON TRACK.

De Kalb, Jan. 18.—Stephen Palmer, a youth about 18 years of age, suffered the loss of both legs in an accident which occurred at Kedzie avenue, Chicago, on the Northwestern right of way Monday evening. Palmer, who resides at DeKalb, left that town on the 7:40 passenger train Monday evening, and rode to Kedzie avenue, where he left the train. Instead of going to his right toward the station, he stepped off the train on the left side, and stepped immediately in front of a west bound passenger on the other side. When picked up it was found that both limbs had been severed. He was taken to a Chicago hospital, where it is thought today he cannot recover.

ILLINOIS CENTRAL EMPLOYE SUFFERS SEVERE INJURY.

Freeport Jan. 18.—Thatcher Harris, residing at the home of his aunt, Mrs. William Smith, 58 Carroll St., this city, was seriously injured Monday at Orangeville by an explosion of gasoline at the pumping station of the Illinois Central. His face hand and upper portion of the body were badly burned and the force of the explosion was so terrific that the door of the power house was blown off, the roof raised several inches and other parts wrecked. Harris was found on the railroad track after the accident, the distance from the building being about fifteen feet, and whether he was blown this far is not definite, as his condition is critical and he has not been able to give an account of the occurrence. His escape from instant death is little short of miraculous.

More than one hundred ladies attended the meeting of the Peoria avenue Reading Club held in the parlors of the Methodist church yesterday afternoon. It was an invited affair, each member of the club inviting a limited number of lady friends.

The principal feature of the meeting was the lecture recital on Peer Gynt, one of Ibsen's masterpieces, by Mr. Hansen, of Evanston, Ill. The recital was highly interesting and was greatly enjoyed by the ladies. Mr. Hanson soon convinced his auditors that he was a deep student of the great Ibsen, and also that he had the works of the famous author well at hand.

Mr. Horace Street and Mrs. E. A. Sickels furnished the musical numbers on the program. Those as well as the lecture were highly received.

Former Judge Alton B. Parker is reported as favoring the income tax proposition. This was last week, but Mr. Parker's views on the subject today are not known.

Appearance of Governor Hughes and President McCrea of the Pennsylvania road, appears to indicate the advent of a new fashion of facial foliage calculated to fill Colonel J. Ham Lewis of Chicago with joy.

HARMON TO HAVE GOOD ROADS MEET

MEMBER OF STATE COMMISSION TO SPEAK THERE JANUARY 26.

VOTE TO DISSOLVE DISTRICT

Chairman Does Not Agree With Majority; Highway Commissioners' Busy Session.

Harmon, Ill., Jan. 17.—A good roads convention will be held in Harmon on Saturday, Jan. 26, at one o'clock in the afternoon. A good speaker has been secured, a member of the state good roads commission. Every farmer and his wife, every farm laborer, every person who travels on the roads and everybody interested in the upbuilding of the neighborhood are invited to attend this meeting. It is free, and if you are progressive and not a member of the order of knockers, a premium will be given if you are not satisfied that you received value for the time expended.

The commissioners of highways, in a meeting here Tuesday, showed that they are interested in the movement for better roads, and expressed their willingness to help in every way possible, even going so far as signifying a willingness to hire men to go over all the roads just before a freeze-up. If this work can be done systematically, either as a free will offering or for hire, the result cannot help but be beneficial, both financially and as a matter of comfort to the travelers.

Several days last week it was impossible to travel over the country roads with any vehicle having springs at a rate much in excess of three miles an hour. Teams hauling corn pulled from five to ten bushels less, because loading to the capacity resulted in a loss of several bushels each trip.

The manner in which the best work can be accomplished, the tools required and the cost will be explained and discussed at this meeting and it is to be hoped that everybody interested will attend.

The meeting will be held at Woodman hall.

Mongovern Case Again.

The case of Katherine Mongovern vs. Henry J. Mongovern, for temporary alimony, attorney's fees and separate maintenance, was disposed of in part last Monday, and the plaintiff was allowed $25 alimony, and $25 for attorney's fees. The separate maintenance part of the case will be heard on February 2.

The eleven year old boy, Leo, whom the father was accused of kidnaping two weeks ago, has been placed by Mr. Mongovern, in a denominational school.

Goes After Brother.

Thomas McInerney and John J. Sa[illegible] left Monday evening for Pine Bluff, Ark., to bring home with them Patrick McInerney, a brother of Thomas.

It will be remembered that some time ago Patrick disappeared from his home in Sterling, his whereabouts were unknown to his relatives and friends and foul play was suspected. Investigation, however, located him at Pine Bluff in a demented condition. What will be done with him upon his arrival depends upon the condition of his mind at that time.

He Needed the Boiler.

Several weeks ago Jack Kelley bought a copper boiler at the local hardware store, placing it in his wagon under the seat. The purchase was made late in the evening and when he started home about 9 o'clock the boiler was missing.

Thinking the matter might be a practical joke perpetrated by some of his friends, nothing was said at the time. But a boiler was needed, so the next time Jack came to town he bought another copper boiler.

Some of Jack's friends claim to know the whereabouts of the lost boiler, but Jack states that if the party who took it will let him know he will send him a wash board and a quarter's worth of soap.

Vote to Dissolve District.

Tuesday was a day of public meetings. At 9 o'clock the commissioners of Harmon drainage district No. 1 met at the office of Town Clerk Porter to take action on the petition to dissolve the district. Commissioners Ross, Long and Wadsworth were present and soon after the meeting was called to order Commissioner Wadsworth moved that the prayer of the petitioners, who are owners of more than two-thirds of the land in the district, be granted, and the district dissolved.

Although the motion was duly seconded by Commissioner Long, President Ross refused to put it, ruling that it was out of order, because, among other reasons, there were debts owing by the district for which provision has not been made, among which is John Dowd's judgment now pending in the appellate court; also that the circuit court several years ago ordered certain work done, which has not yet been performed; also that the tax payers in the southern end of the district have not received their just share of the benefits for which they have been paying all these years, and that the tax payers in the northern part of the district, having obtained nearly all they went, are now disinclined to help the south end.

Upon the refusal of the president to put the motion, Commissioner Wadsworth stated it and it was carried by two votes.

Appearances now indicate that the district will be dissolved and that there will be no fight over the matter. The south end land owners can form a district of their own, if they choose, and maybe a good deal of litigation will be stopped thereby.

Highway Commissioners Met.

Harmon highway commissioners met in the forenoon in the village building for an all day session. A large number of bills were audited and some orders issued, which cannot be paid until taxes are collected next month.

Besides routine business, the village of Harmon filed a demand on the highway commissioners for its proportion of the district road tax, which had been turned over by the county treasurer to the treasurer of the commissioners. It was agreed by the commissioners that they would pay the village what was due, if the village, on its part, would allow the expense of the commissioners for levying and collecting this money.

Thus an old sore caused by the friction between the village and the highway commissioners is in a fair way to start healing.

Harmon township is still under the antiquated labor system, and before 1906 highway overseers were in the habit of requiring villagers to work their road tax outside of the corporate limits. An opinion from Attorney General Stead last spring stopped the practice.

In order that the village might be separated for purposes of taxation from the township a small village tax was levied in 1905. This did not result in the separation of taxes at the county seat, and, although past difficulties between township and village have been adjusted, matters are in such shape that the wrangle may be renewed with the election of each new set of commissioners.

Counter Claims.

The highway commissioners also met with the commissioners of Harmon drainage district No. 2, presenting a claim against the latter for some tile, and the drainage people presented a claim against the highway commissioners for drainage taxes. This matter was not adjusted and is a cause of friction.

Telephone Work Starts.

In spite of the cold weather, construction of the new Green River Telephone lines is being rushed as rapidly as possible. The work is being done under the superintendency of Frank Keigwin of Walnut, a graduate electrician who has had considerable experience in the construction of telephone lines.

The central offices of the company are conveniently located in the center of the village and the rooms have been newly papered and otherwise made pleasant, and are ready for the installation of the switchboard.

Construction work has been commenced in the village and will be completed as rapidly as a gang of from six to ten men can do the work.

Harmon Personals.

George W. Swartz of Dixon was in the village Monday on business.

Mrs. Nora Kelley, who has been ill for the past two weeks, took a turn for the worse Sunday.

Henry Stoffregen made a business trip to Belvidere Saturday, returning home Monday evening.

Sheriff Tourtillott was in the village Tuesday, serving legal papers.

John D. McKeel transacted business in Sterling Tuesday.

Patrick McCormick, for a number of years a resident of East Grove, township, died Tuesday at the age of seventy-eight years. His disease was dropsy and attendant complications. He was a sufferer for several years.

Thomas J. Long of Sterling was here on business Tuesday.

Dr. Murphy of Dixon was in the village Sunday on professional business.

Dr. and Mrs. White of Dixon and Dr. McAlpine of Naperville, were Harmon visitors Sunday.

Jonas Stultz of Dixon, the well contractor, returned to Harmon Tuesday after a ten days absence on account of sickness.

Baxter & James of Erie, Whiteside county, are here with several thousand dollars worth of winter clothing which they are disposing of to the farmers.

Frank and C. B. Keigwin are here superintending the construction of the telephone lines south and southeast of town.

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—Whole or divide to suit my 125 acres with large brick house and several barns and out houses, wind-mill; adjoining Dixon on the east. This would subdivide into fine city lots and a fortune could be made by a live, active fellow in making a portion of it into a first class cemetery. For particulars address owner, S. R. HARRIS, 189 LaSalle St., Chicago, Ill. 3tf

FOR SALE—80 acres with fair improvements; good soil; trifle over 2 miles from market; R. F. D. and 'phone. If sold before February 1st can give possession March 1st, '07. A good man with small amount of cash can buy the above at the right price and on easy terms. F. E. Stitzley Co., Dixon, Ill. 2tf

FOR SALE—121 acres, exceptionally well located, only short distance from market, has six room house in good condition; barn 30x42; room for 20 cows; granary and corn crib 26x32; new hog and chicken house 24x40; also new wagon shed and milk house; some fruit. Price $95.00 per acre. Can be sold on very easy terms, if taken before February 1, '07 can give possession March 1, '07. F. E. Stitzley Co., Dixon, Ill. 3tf

Public Sale.

The undersigned intending to move to Dakota will hold a public sale at his place of residence, on the Henry Remmer's farm, known as the old Schaffer place, situated 1 mile northeast of Grand Detour on the River road, and 7 miles from Dixon, on Thursday, January 24th, 1907; 23 head of cattle, 48 head of hogs, mare colt coming 2 years old, out of Fred Hill's horse. Sale to commence at 10 o'clock sharp. Free lunch at 11:30.

MATT KANZLER.

Al Fahrney, Auctioneer.

Oscar Kost, Clerk. d w

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

Estate of Mary M. Lind deceased.

The undersigned having been appointed Administrator of the estate of Mary M. Lind, [illegible] hereby gives notice that he will appear before the County Court of Lee County, [illegible] at the [illegible] Term [illegible] in February [illegible] at which time all persons having claims against said estate are notified and requested [illegible] for the purpose of having the same adjusted. All persons indebted to said Estate are requested to make immediate payment to the undersigned.

Dated this 23rd day of December A. D. 1906.

[illegible] H. PATTERSON, Administrator.

4w3

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

Estate of Owen Finnegan, deceased.

The undersigned, having been appointed Administrator of the Estate of Owen Finnegan, [illegible] hereby gives notice that he will appear before the County Court of Lee County, at the Court House in Dixon at the March Term, on the first Monday in March next, at which time all persons having claims against said Estate are notified and requested to attend for the purpose of having the same adjusted. All persons indebted to said Estate are requested to make immediate payment to the undersigned.

Dated this Second day of January A. D. 1907.

EDWARD O FINNEGAN, Administrator.

HENRY [illegible] WARNER, Attorney. 2t8

STATE OF ILLINOIS, LEE COUNTY. } ss

In the Circuit Court, in vacation after September Term, A. D. 1906.

Chicago & North Western Railway Company, a corporation, vs. W[illegible] Veith, [illegible] M. Veith, wife of [illegible] Veith, [illegible] Blackiston, [illegible] J. Williams formerly Cecilia J. Blackiston and Cecilia [illegible] Blackiston, devisees of the Last Will and Testament of W. F. Blackiston deceased, Esther H. Allison, [illegible] Butler, Lucina Stedman and the unknown owners of Block Number Two (2) in the Town of Nelson, Lee County, Illinois. } In Chancery, Gen. No. [illegible]

Affidavit of non-residence of [illegible] Butler, Lucina Stedman, Esther H. Allison, [illegible] J. Williams formerly Cecilia J. Blackiston and Cecilia [illegible] Blackiston, devisees of the Last Will and Testament of W. F. Blackiston, deceased, and the unknown owners of Block Number Two (2) in the Town of Nelson, Lee County, Illinois, having been filed in the Clerk's office of the Circuit Court of Lee County, notice is therefore hereby given to the said non-resident defendants that the Petitioner filed its petition in said Court in vacation after the September A. D. 1906 term thereof, to wit: on the 4th day of January 1907 asking for the condemnation of certain lands in said Lee County, Illinois, in which you have or claim to have some interest, and that thereupon a Summons issued out of said Court, returnable on the 18 day of the month of February, A. D. 1907, as is by law required, which cause is now pending and undetermined in said Court.

W[illegible] H. McMAHAN, Clerk.

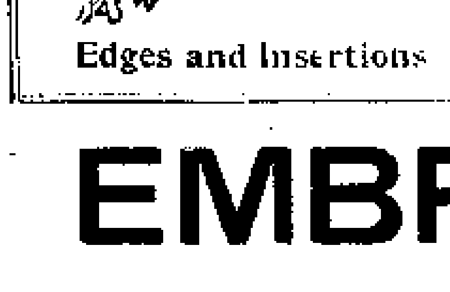
Dixon, Illinois, January 5th, A. D. 1907.

HENRY S. DIXON, Attorney for Petitioner. 3t4

FARM FOR RENT.

One-HALF mile west of the Milk Factory. Call at 1010 W. Sixth St. Augusta D. Drew. 19tf&w1t

Leslie Bros. Dry Goods



Edges and Insertions

JANUARY SALE

EMBROIDERIES

Hundreds of Yards to Select from, new 1907 Patterns, ranging in price per yard from........ 5c TO 10c

During the Month of January, we shall offer our regular 15c lines at the Uniform Price of

10c Per Yd.

Which makes the very best Embroidery Offering ever given by this store. Every lady should take advantage of this SPECIAL JANUARY SALE.

A FEW OF THE

BARGAINS

—IN—

Saturday's CLEARING SALE

$20.00 SUITS AND OVERCOATS	$16.00
$18.00 " " "	$14.40
$16.50 " " "	$13.20
$15.00 " " "	$12.00
$12.50 " " "	$10 00
$10.00 " " "	$ 8.00
$5.00 HATS	$ 4 00
$3 00 "	$ 2.40
$2.50 "	$ 2.00
$2 00 "	$ 1.60
25c Monarch Stiff and Soft Shirts	50c
25 Dozen Cluett and Gold $1 50 Shirts	98c
2 50c Neckties	75c
3 Pair Fancy Hose, regular 50c quality	$ 1.00
3 Pair Black and Brown Hose	20c

VAILE AND O'MALLEY

BORDEN COMPANY TO ENTER STERLING

PREPARING TO ERECT FACTORY IN CITY DOWN THE RIVER.

NORTHWESTERN TO BUILD SWITCH

The Matter Was Settled in Conference of Railway and Factory Men Tuesday.

Sterling Gazette: There is every indication that the Gail-Borden Milk company will erect a large plant on its real estate west of this city this year, for the contract has been signed between the company and the Northwestern railroad for the building of the necessary switch tracks on the factory site.

Mr. Buchanan, one of the leading officials of the Gail-Borden company, with Mr. Weed, manager of the Dixon plant, were in this city yesterday in conference with Superintendent Beck of the Galena division of the Northwestern, Roadmaster C. H. Bowen and W. A. Marsh. All of the above named gentlemen with the exception of Mr. Bowen, drove to the company's ten acre tract of land west of this city, going over the land for the purpose of locating the necessary tracks.

The proposition to erect a great factory here this summer has been under consideration for some time, and during the past three weeks Superintendent Beck of the Northwestern and Mr. Buchanan have been in this city several times in regard to switch tracks for the handling of the product of the company.

Mr. Marsh and Mr. Bowen were out of town today, but it was learned on good authority that the necessary switch tracks were to be built into the grounds so that the company would have trackage and yard room.

Mr. Weed was seen Monday afternoon by a representative of the Gazette, and was asked if the company intended to make an attempt to secure milk in this city, and the only reply received was to the effect that the farmers in this vicinity had rejected the company's offer for milk for the factory. When Mr. Weed was being interviewed, it was not known that the project to build a great plant was under way.

Late this afternoon Mr. Weed was interviewed at his office in Dixon by the Dixon representative of the Gazette. Mr. Weed would not deny that the company would not build here this year, but it seemed to be his desire to place the responsibility of giving out the information of the proposed plans of the company up to Mr. Buchanan.

The information that the railroad will build switch tracks to the property is definite, but the Gazette today was unable to secure any definite information that the company will erect a plant the coming year, with the exception that every indication points to the fact that the company must surely intend to improve its real estate.

MRS. MARY E. KELSEY IS SERIOUSLY ILL

Mrs. Mary E. Kelsey, mother of Mrs. E. W. Smith, is lying at the point of death at the home of her daughter on Peoria avenue. Mrs. Kelsey was taken with a chill Sunday morning and later suffered a hemorrhage of the brain. Sunday evening she became unconscious and suffered a partial paralysis. She remained in this condition for four or five hours. Last evening between seven and nine o'clock she suffered another hemorrhage and today she is in a critical condition. Mrs. Kelsey will be seventy-six years of age the coming April.

Her granddaughter, Miss Ruth Smith, who is a student at a college in Fairbault, Minn., has been telegraphed to come home at once.

Mrs. Kelsey is the widow of Henry Kelsey, who came to this city when his daughter was seven years of age and resided here until his death. Mrs. Kelsey was born in the year 1831, and during her residence here she has seen Dixon grow from a village of six houses to its present population. She is a sister of the late John Lord, who, during his life was one of the most prominent farmers of Palmyra township. Mrs. Kelsey was born in the state of New Hampshire.

LaForest Meredith of Sixth street while at work at the Sandusky cement plant this forenoon, sprained his left wrist.

DEBT PAID LONG THOUGHT LOST

C. W. KENTNER RECEIVES DRAFT AND MAN PROVES HIS HONESTY.

A score or more years ago C. W. Kentner, then in the leather and harness business in Dixon, had a customer by the name of C. K. Wells, who rolled up a goodly sum on credit and then changed his residence to Sturgis, So. Dak. Mr. Kentner has not heard from him for many years and considered the debt lost.

Yesterday, however, Mr. Kentner received a letter enclosing a draft for $30 on account, and a promise to pay the balance of the old debt as soon as he could get around to it. Mr. Wells writes that he would have paid the debt before only for the fact that he had failed in business twice since moving to South Dakota. It is a very well-known fact that when a man fails once or twice it is difficult for him to pay his debts no matter how honest he may be. In speaking of honest men, C. W. Wells of Sturgis, So. Dak., may be classed as A1.

E. J. WOODRUFF DIED AT HOME OF DAUGHTER.

Body Will Be Brought Here For Burial Wednesday Morning.

Enos J. Woodruff was born in New York August 31, 1826, and died January 14, 1907 at the residence of his daughter, Mrs. Marion L. Clay, at Kahoka, Mo. He was married to Adelene Traux in Grant county, Wisconsin, March 25, 1866. In this year they moved to Lee county, Illinois, which has been their continuous home with the exception of nine years spent in South Dakota.

The wife passed to her reward in June, 1906. Mr. Woodruff is survived by two daughters, Mrs. M. L. Clay, of Kahoka, Mo., and Mrs. H. H. Knight of Dixon, and one son, George R. Woodruff, also of Dixon.

Mr. Woodruff was a man of Christian faith and exemplary life.

He served three years in the Union army during the civil war.

The remains will be brought here from Kahoka, Mo., Wednesday morning on the 9:15 train and will be taken directly from the train to Oakwood cemetery, where interment will be made. A short service will be held at the grave.

ELECTRIC ROAD WINS ITS SUIT

OTHER MATERS WHICH CAME UP IN THE CIRCUIT COURT TODAY.

The case of W. J. Wright vs. Road & Hardent, appeal, is on trial in the circuit court this afternoon.

In the case of the Sterling, Dixon & Eastern Electric Ry Co., vs. Fred A. Mead, on trial yesterday, the jury returned a verdict this court finding the issues in favor of the plaintiff and assessing plaintiff's damages at $1.00.

People vs. Nicholas Schnuhart, selling liquor without a license. Defendant with R. P. Drummond as surety enter into bonds in the sum of $400 and $200 respectively and same is approved by the court.

TWO EARLY SETTLERS DIED IN AMBOY.

Amboy, Ill., Jan. 15. Special to the Telegraph.—Two of Lee county's oldest settlers died here today. Thomas Hands, aged eighty three, for many years justice of the peace here, died about noon, death resulting from heart failure. Several sons survive. Funeral arrangements have not been made.

Edward Antoine, Sr., an old settler, died at the age of seventy-five, death resulting from old age. He was a very prominent man in this vicinity.

WILL OPEN STORE ON GALENA AVENUE.

A. W. Cruzan of Manchester, Ia., is here making arrangements to open and conduct a five and ten cent store in the Brooks building on Galena avenue. His household goods have been shipped to this city. He expects to open the store about the middle of February.

INJURED IN FALL.

William Dolan fell on the sidewalk in front of the Salzman meat market just before noon today and sustained several bad bruises. His right arm was painfully wrenched also.

BIG PRINTING PLANT BURNS

LOSS OF $500,000 ENTAILED BY DONAHUE & CO., IN CHICAGO TODAY.

Michael Jordan received word by telephone from Chicago this forenoon that the big printing plant of M. A. Donahue & Co., of which his son-in-law, J. W. Donahue is general manager, was burned by a fire of unknown origin this morning, causing a loss estimated at $500,000.

The fire was discovered shortly after 3 o'clock this morning and burned for four or five hours before it was subdued. Flames shot up the light and elevator shafts of the eight story building and broke out through the roof and for a time it was feared that the walls might collapse.

The basement of the building is used by the Donahue company as pressrooms. This was closed by means of fire doors and presses to the value of $100,000 were saved.

FLASHES OF FASHION

Startling and Sensational Are Some of the Season's Hats.

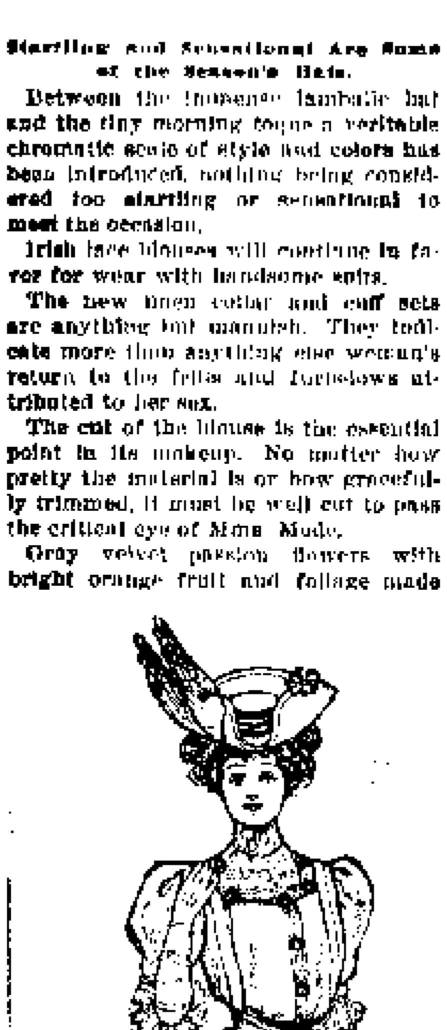
Between the immense lambalie hat and the tiny morning toque a veritable chromatic scale of style and colors has been introduced, nothing being considered too startling or sensational to meet the occasion.

Irish lace blouses will continue in favor for wear with handsome suits.

The new linen collar and cuff sets are anything but mannish. They indicate more than anything else woman's return to the frills and furbelows attributed to her sex.

The cut of the blouse is the essential point in its makeup. No matter how pretty the material is or how gracefully trimmed, it must be well cut to pass the critical eye of Mme. Mode.

Gray velvet passion flowers with bright orange fruit and foliage made



BRONZE GREEN GOWN.

a rather startling combination that wreathed the base of the crown of a large picture gray beaver hat. Another sensational combination was seen in a bronze silk hat closely tucked, decorated with two long shaded bronze and orange plumes and a knot of velvet in addition to a mass of tulle that covered the bandeau.

A blue corduroy suit has a waistcoat of tan suede, with a rather long skirted jacket of the corduroy.

The gown illustrated is of bronze green serge. The double skirt and bloused bodice are trimmed with black soutache braid and macaroons of silk.

JUDIC CHOLLET.

HOW'S THIS!

We offer One Hundred Dollars Reward for any case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.

We, the undersigned, having known F. J. Cheney for the last 15 years and believe him perfectly honorable in all business transactions and financially able to carry out any obligations made by his firm.

WALDING, KINNAN & MARVIN.
Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, O.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Testimonials sent free. Price 75 cents per bottle. Sold by all Druggists.

Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

I. C. MEN DRAW PAY.

Today was pay day at the Illinois Central. For the first time in several months the men received their wages through the mails, the pay car failing to show up.

EARTHQUAKE HITS JAMAICA ISLAND

Kingston, the Capital, Has Been Wrecked and Many Lives Snuffed Out.

FIRE AFRER THE FIRST CRASH

Forty Soldiers Are Reported To Be Among the Dead.

PROMINENT ENGLISHMAN KILLED

Death Roll Not Expected To Be Over 100, but the Hospitals Are Filled with Those Wounded.

Halifax, N. S., Jan. 16.—D. Budge, the manager of the Halifax and Bermuda Cable company, received a cable from William Sullivan, the manager of the Bermuda Cable company at Kingston, as follows: "Nearly whole of city destroyed by earthquake and fire."

London, Jan. 16. The colonial office has received confirmation of a terrible disaster which has overtaken Kingston, Jamaica, in a dispatch from Hamar Greenwood, M. P., sent from Holland Bay, at the east end of the island. The telegram says that Kingston has been ruined by an earthquake

GOVERNMENT HOUSE, KINGSTON, JAMAICA.

which occurred Monday afternoon at 3:30 o'clock. A very great number of buildings and dwellings was destroyed either by the earthquake or by the consequent fire. The military hospital was burned and forty soldiers are reported to have been killed, with several prominent citizens and some other of the inhabitants of the city.

Sir James Fergusson Killed.

Sir James Fergusson is reported to have been instantaneously killed, but no other Englishmen, Canadians, or citizens of the United States are missing. The city is quiet, but displaced workers are needed. The governor of the colony, Sir Alexander Swettenham, assisted by Sir Alfred Jones, is directing affairs. The steamer Port Kingston will leave tomorrow with most of the members of the party who went out with Sir Alfred Jones to attend an agricultural conference.

Fatalities Less Than One Hundred.

So far as the reports indicate the fatalities number less than one hundred, though the hospitals are filled with injured and the list of victims may be materially increased. After the first great shock, as in the San Francisco and Valparaiso disasters, flames immediately sprang from the wreckage to carry on the work of destruction. Yesterday afternoon the fire was still burning, although it was believed to be under control. The Myrtle Bank hotel, the principal hotel at Kingston, which probably sheltered the great bulk of visitors on the island, is reported destroyed.

Had Served in Many Posts.

Right Hon. Sir James Fergusson, mentioned in the foregoing was a man of considerable prominence. He served in the Crimean campaign with the Grenadier Guards, and was present at the battles of Alma and Inkerman, where he was wounded, and the siege of Sebastopol. He was several times a member of the house of commons, and had held important secretarial positions in cabinets from the time of Lord Derby's and Disraeli's premierships.

BRYAN AND THE WAR VETS

Declines a Military Society Membership and "Hands One" to President Roosevelt.

Spokane, Wash., Jan. 16.—William J. Bryan, who spoke here, was visited by a delegation of Spanish war veterans and asked to become a member. He declined, saying jestingly: "I have never thought that my military record would look well underscored."

When reminded that President Roosevelt is a member he replied: "I am not traveling as much on my military record as he is."

Demands of Boilermakers.

Youngstown, O., Jan. 16.—A strike affecting about 400 boilermakers in this city, Niles and Newcastle, has been called. The men who are members of the Boilermakers' and Iron Shipbuilders of America, [illegible] union, ask an advance in wages ranging from 5 to [illegible] a day and a shortening of the work day from nine to eight hours.

Michigan Man Nominated.

Washington, Jan. 16.—The president has sent to the senate the nomination as United States marshal for the western district of Michigan of Frank W. Wait.

FAIRBANKS' SON INDICTED

Ohio Grand Jury Says He is Guilty of Perjury in Connection with His Marriage Recently.

Steubenville, O., Jan. 16.—A sensation was created here by the grand jury returning an indictment for perjury against F. C. Fairbanks, son of Vice President Fairbanks, for perjury in swearing relative to his marriage of Miss Scott, of Pittsburg.

The charge is that Fairbanks went to Steubenville and disguised himself as a working man, and said that he was a workingman of Adams county, and that Miss Scott was a resident of the county. On this statement he secured a marriage license and they were married and left town immediately. The prosecutor says that the papers will be served upon Fairbanks as soon as it can be done.

Springfield, O., Jan. 16.—F. C. Fairbanks said when called on at his home by a representative of the Associated Press: "I took no oath whatever in the probate court at Steubenville. I say this emphatically, as my memory in regard to this is distinct. I answered their questions, but there was no affidavit and no oath administered."

AGREEMENT ON WAGES

Affects 27,000 Men and Takes in More Than Two-Thirds of the United States.

Chicago, Jan. 16.—A final settlement was reached here between committes representing the railway managers and the locomotive engineers, and an agreement was entered into which includes all roads west of Fort William, Can.; St. Paul, Chicago, St. Louis and New Orleans, to the Pacific coast, and south to the Mexican border. The new schedule is to go into effect Feb. 1, and will affect about 27,000 engineers.

The terms of the agreement follow: Freight engineers, increase of 40 cents per day of ten hours or less, 100 miles or less; overtime pro rata. Engineers in switching service, first-class yards, 3.75 per day of ten hours, or less; second-class yards, $3.50 per day of ten hours, or less; overtime pro rata. Transfer rates on Chicago belt lines, $4 per day of ten hours; overtime pro rata. In the work train and helper service, the hours are reduced from twelve to ten per day. Passenger engineers on engines having cylinders under eighteen inches in diameter, $3.75 per day of 100 miles, or less; cylinders eighteen inches or more in diameter, $4 per day of 100 miles, or less.

"LAY IT TO THE RAILWAYS"

That Seems to President Hill the Universal Cry About Everything That Goes Wrong.

Minneapolis, Jan. 16.—"The railroads today are blamed for everything, practically, that is wrong. The Great Northern road is blamed, I am blamed, because it is intimated that I own the Great Northern railroad. The truth of the matter is that I own less than 7 per cent. of the stock of the Great Northern road. There are 3,200 shareholders in the company, 1,100 of whom are women.

"You never knew that before, but that is the situation, and when we ask our shareholders to subscribe $60,000,000 more stock to our already large capital in order that we may build more trackage to carry the business of the west to the east we are made defendant in a suit brought by the state of Minnesota." Such was one of the most emphatic statements made by President Hill in a public address to the Northwestern Lumbermen's association.

Preparing to Welcome Root.

New York, Jan. 16.—A special from Ottawa says preparations are going on at government house to give a hearty welcome to Secretary of State Root, who will be accompanied by his wife and daughter. The party will arrive Saturday. That afternoon there will be a skating party. On Monday there will be a banquet at government house in honor of Mr. and Mrs. Root. All the ministers of the crown, including members of parliament, and prominent citizens, will be present.

Suffer From Cold at Seattle.

Seattle, Wash., Jan. 16.—Seattle suffered severely yesterday from the cold wave. In many homes furniture was chopped up for fuel and old antiques, which had been saved up from grandmothers' days, went under the axe. The charitable societies had many requests for aid, which they were unable to grant as they, like the general public, were unable to purchase the coal or wood which everyone so eagerly sought.

Looks Very Like a Crime.

Chicago, Jan. 16.—While a coroner's inquest was being held over the body of Bishop Kozlowski, head of the Polish Catholic church, who died under mysterious circumstances, Rev. Father Anton Lowarski, who came to Chicago from his parish at Buffalo, N. Y., to see the bishop during his last hours, became ill, as Bishop Kozlowski had, went into convulsions and then became unconscious.

"Three-I" Base Ball League.

Chicago, Jan. 16.—Clinton, Ia., was admitted to membership in the "Three-I" Base Ball league at the annual meeting here, to take the place of Davenport. Danville, Ill., made a strong bid for a franchise, but was refused because of the K. I. T. League having a club in that city. Holland was re-elected president.

Start Work on New Capitol.

Madison, Wis., Jan. 16.—The work of laying the walls of the new capitol of Wisconsin has been begun. The building is to cost between $4,000,000 and $6,000,000.

INSANITIES OF THE SANE

Queer Delusions Described by a Hypnotic Expert.

FOOD ADULTERATION A CAUSE.

Dr. Quackenbos Blames Too Fast Life For Whole Trouble—Talks of Suggestion and Mental Ills It Can Cure—Yale Man's Predicament in Mailing a Letter—Sad Case of Woman Prepared to Receive a Proposal.

Dr. John D. Quackenbos, the eminent specialist on the treatment of nervous diseases, recently told the Entertainment club of New York at the Waldorf-Astoria hotel how easy it is for perfectly sane people to get insane at times and how wheels in the head may be removed by mental suggestion, says the New York Sun.

Delusions of the sane are a matter of nerves and twentieth century strenuosity, said the doctor. If you play bridge or poker too much, play the races, speed an automobile, dabble in Wall street, work or play too much by electric light, live in a flat, eat adulterated food or breathe bad air you are liable to imagine that microbes are playing tag on your coat sleeve or if you happen to keep bees in your cellar you may be afraid to go into that cellar for fear of eating a bee. These are merely mild pranks of the delusional being, but if you have a bad case you may be scared to death of lemons.

"Among my patients," said the doctor, "have been persons who dared not cross the threshold of their homes and had not been out of their houses for months, who could not force themselves on a car or wash and dress themselves or shake hands or sleep under a bedquilt. Some have diseases that no one ever had before. Wheels go around in their cars, they see birds and the fluttering of wings, footsteps follow them, strange things crawl through the keyhole, faces stand out on the wall, and flies whisper secrets to them. Many have a baseless fear of insanity, and one lady sought a position in an asylum so as to be on hand when the day of aberration should arrive. Lots of people come to me saying they are bewitched, an exceedingly common delusion today. A well known authoress believes she is under the hypnotic power of a doctor who comes into her room disguised as a cloud and flaps his astral wings underneath her bodice."

Dr. Quackenbos told stories about a woman who could not sit in a theater for wanting to fire a pistol at the person in front of her, of a woman who saw a coarse word scribbled on a fence and couldn't help saying it herself and of a man who developed a mania for going to law and in one instance pursued an executor with persistent malignity during five years of controversy only to be defeated in court twenty times in succession.

A common delusion of the sane, said Dr. Quackenbos, is a morbid horror of dust and disorder (mysophobia). One patient feared that if the cups and saucers were displaced they could never be put back and spent the greater part of a night keeping them on the shelves. The sight of a goblet upside down threw him into a frenzy. Cases like these are promptly cured by suggestion, said the doctor. "What has been wrongly called the insanity of indecision manifests itself in delusions of doubt. The subject will go back several times to see if the gas has been turned off properly or the stock certificates returned to the safe. A neurasthenic Yale graduate of my acquaintance I have known to stand on the front steps undecided as to whether to mail a letter in the lamp post box on Fifth avenue or the next corner in Madison avenue until the mental conflict precipitated an attack of hysterical weeping.

"There is a humorous as well as pathetic side to some of these abnormal thought forms. A physician recently under my care imagined that his clothing was covered with microbes. He was constantly brushing them off. He soiled fifty napkins a day in desperate efforts to brush them off the tableware. His wife was unable to keep a servant in her employ, and his practice went by the board.

"A gentleman brought his wife to me a few years ago suffering from a postgrippal delusion that her skin was covered with worms. The wrinkles in her dress were worms. Her finger tips were worn sore from looking for worms in her clothing. At the third treatment I made bold to declare that I had captured the last worm, when my sleeping patient retorted, 'There is one left, doctor.' I clutched the last imaginary offender and said in a firm voice: 'I have got it. You will be troubled no more.' She was completely cured.

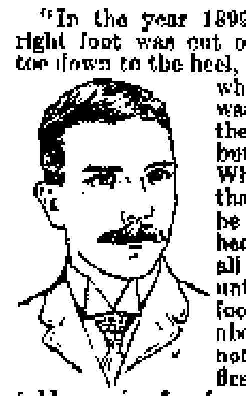
"Even hard headed business men become the victims of ludicrous obsessions. A young man applied to me last autumn for the cure of an irresistible impulse to throw himself into the arms of every corpulent woman he saw and be hushed to sleep by her.

"I once prepared a young lady to receive a proposal. Her lover was due that very night from Boston, and I consented to do the best I could for her. She must not be too eager and so convey the impression that she was an easy conquest. She must not be too frigid and repel the advances of affection. I worked one hour over that sleeping beauty impressing my views, and when I waked her I felt that she was well equipped to go through the trying ordeal. Do you know that man never came. He has not since materialized, and the poor girl is still waiting for an opportunity to give expression to my instructions."

SUFFERED AGONIES FOR FOUR YEARS

Whole Foot Nothing But Proud Flesh — Tried Different Physicians and All Kinds of Ointments — Could Walk Only With Crutches — Ohio Man Says:

"CUTICURA REMEDIES THE BEST ON EARTH"



"In the year 1899 the side of my right foot was cut off from the little toe down to the heel, and the physician who had charge of me was trying to sew up the side of my foot, but with no success. When he found out that wouldn't work, he began trying to heal the wound with all kinds of ointment, until at last my whole foot and way up above my calf was nothing but proud flesh. I suffered untold agonies for four years, and tried different physicians and all kinds of ointments. I could walk only with crutches. It is sixteen months ago since I began using Cuticura Soap and Ointment for my limb and foot. The first two months the Cuticura Remedies did not seem to work, but I kept on using them both. In two weeks afterwards I saw a change in my limb. Then I began using Cuticura Soap and Ointment often during the day and kept it up for seven months, when my limb was healed up just the same as if I never had trouble.

"It is eight months now since I stopped using Cuticura Remedies, the best on God's earth. I am working at the present day, after five years of suffering. The cost of Cuticura Ointment and Soap was only $6; but the doctors' bills were more like $600. You can publish my name and refer any one to write to me about Cuticura Remedies. I will answer all letters if postage is enclosed. John M. Lloyd, 718 S. Arch Ave., Alliance, Ohio, June 27, 1905."

Complete External and Internal Treatment for every Humor, from Pimples to Scrofula, from Infancy to Age, consisting of Cuticura Soap, 25c., Ointment, 50c., Resolvent, 50c. (in form of Chocolate Coated Pills, 25c. per vial of 60), may be had of all druggists. A single set often cures. Potter Drug & Chem. Corp., Sole Props., Boston. Mailed Free, "How to Cure Skin and Scalp Humors."

RAILROAD TIME TABLE

CHICAGO & NORTHWESTERN RY.

Correct time of all passenger and freight trains leaving Dixon that carry passengers

East Bound to Chicago.

No.	Lv. Dixon		Ar. Chicago
1	3:25 a. m.	daily	6:45 a. m.
6	4:52 a. m.	daily	7:30 a. m.
6	6:16 a. m.	daily	8:55 a. m.
2	6:37 a. m.	daily	9:00 a. m.
18*	7:10 a. m.	d.ex.Sun	10:10 a. m.
8	9:26 a. m.	daily	11:55 a. m.
20	10:32 a. m.	d.ex.Sun	1:40 p. m.
14	3:50 p. m.	d.ex.Sun.	7:10 p. m.
12	6:17 p. m.	daily	8:50 p. m.
18	4:15 p. m.	Sun only	7:40 p. m.

West Bound From Chicago.

No.	Lv. Chicago		Ar. Dixon
7	10:00 p. m.	daily	12:26 a. m.
3	11:00 p. m.	daily	2:00 a. m.
17	Sunday only		12:01 p. m.
13	7:05 a. m.	d.ex.Sun	10:28 a. m.
5	10:15 a. m.	daily	12:44 p. m.
19	12:30 p. m.	d.ex.Sun	3:44 p. m.
17*	4:00 p. m.	d.ex.Sun	6:43 p. m.
15	6:00 p. m.	daily	8:45 p. m.
11	7:00 p. m.	daily	9:18 p. m.
1	8:02 p. m.	daily	10:23 p. m.

*Sterling passenger.

Freights.

No. 801 7:40 a. m. ex. Sun.

Passenger train—Dixon to Peoria.

No. 181 11:15 a. m. Sun. only

Carries passengers from Franklin to Clinton.

H. FLANNERY, Agent.

ILLINOIS CENTRAL RAILROAD.

Correct time of all passenger and freight trains leaving Dixon that carry passengers.

Corrected April 16.

South Bound.

No.		
*123	Southern Express	10:20 a. m.
131	Decatur Express	4:10 p. m.
191	Local Freight Train	0:40 a. m.

North Bound.

No		
132	Ft. Dodge Daily Ex.	9:40 a. m.
*124	Local Mail	5:20 p. m.
192	Local Freight	12:45 p. m.

*Daily.

Other trains daily except Sunday.

L. BACKUS,
Ticket Agent I. C. R. R.

LITTLE GIRL BREAKS ARM WHILE COASTING.

Mary, the twelve year old daughter of Mr. and Mrs. F. E. Self of Highland avenue, while coasting down a hill near her home late Tuesday afternoon ran against some obstacle, breaking her right arm both below and above the elbow. The little girl suffered much pain until a physician was called who quickly set the broken bones.

TO AILING WOMEN.

A Little Sound Advice Will Help Many a Sufferer in Dixon.

No woman can be healthy and well if the kidneys are sick. Poisons that pass off in the urine when the kidneys are well are retained in the body when the kidneys are sick. Kidneys, and bladder get inflamed and swollen, crowding the delicate female organs nearby and sometimes displacing them. This is the true cause of many bearing-down pains, lameness, backache, sideache, etc. Uric poisoning also causes headaches, dizzy spells, languor, nervousness and rheumatic pain.

When suffering so, try Doan's Kidney Pills, the remedy that cures sick kidneys. You will get better as the kidneys get better, and health will return when the kidneys are well. Let a Dixon woman tell you about Doan's Kidney Pills:

Mrs. E. E. Page, 603 Chamberlain street, North Dixon, says: "It gives me considerable pleasure to recommend a medicine which brings such quick and thorough relief as Doan's Kidney Pills. I went to Leake Bros. drug store for a box when suffering severely with pain in my back which clung to me persistently, far too long to be pleasant. The treatment undoubtedly benefited me. I will be only too pleased to say a word for Doan's Kidney Pills when opportunities present themselves."

For sale by all dealers. Price 50 cents. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, New York, sole agents for the United States.

Remember the name, Doan's, and take no other.

"Pipenics" (non-alcoholic) made from resin from our Pine Forests, used for hundreds of years for Bladder and Kidney diseases. Medicine for thirty days, $1.00. Guaranteed to give satisfaction or money refunded. Get our guarantee coupon from Rowland Bros or Leake Bros.' Drug store.

"They like the taste as well as maple sugar," is what one mother wrote of Kennedy's Laxative Cough Syrup. This modern cough syrup is absolutely free from any opiate or narcotic. Contains Honey Tar. Conforms to the National Pure Food and Drug Law. Sold by Rowland Bros.

Are you troubled with piles? One application of MagZan will give you immediate relief. Sold by Rowland Bros. and Leake Bros.

Mothers who give their children Kennedy's Laxative Cough Syrup invariably indorse it. Children like it because the taste is so pleasant. Contains Honey and Tar. It is the Original Laxative Cough Syrup and is unrivaled for the relief of croup. Drives the cold out through the bowels. Conforms to the National Pure Food and Drug Law. Sold by Rowland Bros.

Dade's Little Liver Pills thoroughly clean the system, good for lazy livers, make clear complexions, bright eyes and happy thoughts. Rowland Bros., Leake Bros.

Millions of bottles of Foley's Honey and Tar have been sold, without any person ever having experienced any other than beneficial results from its use for coughs, colds and lung troubles. This is because the genuine Foley's Honey and Tar in the yellow package contains no opiates or other harmful drugs. Guard your health by refusing any but the genuine. Rowland Bros.

Public Speaker Interrupted.

Public speakers are frequently interrupted by people coughing. This would not happen if Foley's Honey and Tar were taken, as it cures coughs and colds and prevents pneumonia and consumption. The genuine contains no opiates and is in a yellow package. Rowland Bros.

Your money refunded if after using three-fourths (¾) of a tube of MagZan, you are dissatisfied. Return the balance of the tube to your druggist, and your money will be cheerfully returned. Take advantage of this offer. Rowland Bros. or Leake Bros., Drug store.

Clear up the complexion, cleanse the liver and tone the system. You can best do this by a dose or two of DeWitt's Little Early Risers. Safe, reliable little pills with a reputation. The pills that everyone knows. Recommended by Rowland Bros.

CHICHESTER'S PILLS

THE DIAMOND BRAND.

Ladies! Ask Druggist for Chichester's English Diamond Brand Pills in Red and Gold metallic boxes, sealed with Blue Ribbon. Take no other. Buy of your Druggist. Ask for CHICHESTER'S ENGLISH DIAMOND BRAND PILLS, for 25 years regarded as Reliable. Sold by Druggists everywhere.

EIGHT TO SEVEN VOTE

Gets a Ship Subsidy Bill Through the House Merchant Marine Committee.

MEASURE SOMEWHAT MODIFIED

Hope Being That the Modifications Will Secure Passage.

Speaker Cannon Had To Be Reckoned with — Spooner and Tillman Clash Over the Brownsville Affair.

Washington, Jan. 16. — After a fight which lasted all day and extended to the floor of the house, threatening to bring about much filibustering at one time, the house committee on merchant marine and fisheries finally decided, by a vote of 8 to 7, to make a favorable report on a ship subsidy bill prepared by Littauer of New York, as a substitute for the Grosvenor bill, which had been under consideration for many weeks. The members of the committee who supported the measure were Grosvenor, Miner, Littlefield, Fordney, Wachter, Humphrey, Watson and Littauer—all Republicans. The negative votes were cast by Bartlett, Wilson and Hinshaw, Republicans, and Goulder, Maynard, Shirley and Patterson, Democrats.

Provides for Seven Subsidized Lines.

Seven subsidized mail lines are provided for in the bill to be reported, with an annual subvention estimated at $3,750,000. Two of the lines are to be from the Atlantic coast to South America, and one from the Gulf of Mexico to Cuba. From the Pacific coast there are to be three lines to the Orient and one line to the west coast of South America.

Senate Bill a "Lemon" to Cannon.

At the morning session of the committee the senate ship subsidy bill, which carries a tonnage subsidy and is said to be extremely distasteful to Speaker Cannon, was laid before the committee by Littauer, and several Democrats voted for it. Republicans changed their votes in order to defeat it and get a compromise bill under consideration which it was thought would have a better chance with Republican house leaders.

Filibuster Proves a Failure.

The committee adjourned to meet again at 4 p. m., and when an attempt was made to have the house adjourn at that time the Democrats began a filibuster in an attempt to keep the house in session, thus preventing the merchant marine and fisheries committee from meeting and reaching an agreement. The minority leader, Williams, demanded tellers and ayes and nays on the adjournment vote, but a count showed that a quorum was present and the house adjourned by a vote of 143 to 77.

SPOONER AND TILLMAN CLASH

Wisconsin Man Lashes the South Carolinian, Who Will Reply Later.

Washington, Jan. 16. — Goaded by frequent interruptions from Tillman the speech of Spooner in the senate on the resolution for the investigation of the affray at Brownsville was changed from a constitutional argument in defense of President Roosevelt's course in discharging a negro battalion of the army to a severe arraignment of the South Carolina senator. He quoted from Tillman's utterances defending lynching as a means of controlling negroes, and said that to encourage such mob violence was a disgrace to civilization. Tillman was not permitted to reply, but at the conclusion of Spooner's attack declared that at an early date he would take occasion to defend himself against "the insult and allusions made to him."

It was after Tillman had failed to "get in," as he expressed it, a reply to one of Spooner's statements and had sat down, that Spooner "turned himself loose." He quoted from Tillman's utterances defending the burning of negroes at the stake, and said: "No man ought to encourage such a horrible thing as that. It is a crime against civilization to encourage it. . . . I have been shocked by the attitude of the senator from South Carolina on more than one occasion when he has spoken here in justification and support of the continuance of lynching. If there is one man who ought not to encourage it, it is the man who sits here as the maker of laws.

"And I want to say here that any man who encourages lynching, murder and lawlessness will have much to answer for, and the higher his position and the mightier his influence the more will he have to answer for. No man can come here with good grace to impeach the president for his dismissal of men because they were not identified as criminals, who comes to that accusation from a lynching bee or who justifies one." After declaring that there should not be one law for the colored man and another for the white man, Spooner again deprecated the fact that he had been drawn from the course mapped out for his speech, and resumed his argument.

The bitter feeling provoked by the controversy between the senators makes it impossible to say when a vote can be had on the resolution. Spooner took the position that article 4 of the articles of war gives the commander-in-chief of the army the power to dismiss the troops in the name employed. He referred to the affray at Walla Walla, Wash., during President Cleveland's administration, and said that the investigation of that disturbance resulted in a recommendation that the four companies involved be disbanded.

MAXIMUM AND MINIMUM DUTY

Secretary Root Tells Commerce Boomers We Must Come to That.

Washington, Jan. 16.—Addressing the foreign commerce convention in session here Secretary Root took up the question of reciprocity treaties, and said that inasmuch as 90 per cent. of our imports from South America came in free of duty the field to be covered by such treaties with those countries is comparatively narrow.

"There are," however," he said, "some countries in regard to whose products I should like very much to see an opportunity to make reciprocity treaties, but this opens up a broader subject, and I don't think the subject of reciprocity can now be adequately considered or discussed without going into a broader subject—the whole form of our tariff laws. In my judgment the United States must come to a maximum and minimum tariff." Great applause greeted this statement.

Senate and House in Brief.

Washington, Jan. 16. — The senate occupied its entire session—except for an executive session—in the Brownsville debate, Spooner and Tillman having an angry clash during the talk. During the executive session the nominations of Cortelyou and Garfield were confirmed.

The house of representatives spent almost the entire day in considering the fortifications appropriations bill, and completed only six pages of it.

Cannon Flouts the Minority Leader.

Washington, Jan. 16.—Speaker Cannon has designated Representative Shirley, of Kentucky, to be a member of the house committee on the judiciary, instead of Representative Wells, of North Carolina, who was recommended by Minority Leader Williams.

Costs To Be a World Power.

Washington, Jan. 16.—Speaking on the fortifications appropriation bill in the house Smith of Iowa remarked that to man the guns proposed to be mounted by the Taft board would take more than 55,000 men and to do so would cost $16,000,000 a year.

U. M. W. IS IN SESSION

First Day Develops a Struggle Over the Credentials of Some Delegates—Annual Reports Are Read.

Indianapolis, Jan. 16. — The eighteenth annual convention of the United Mine Workers, which has opened here, devoted the entire time of the first day to the right to be seated of delegates representing unions which had failed to pay the extra sticky assessment of 50 cents a week, and to hearing the reports of the general officers of the organization. The matter of seating the delegates whose seats were contested was referred back to the credentials committee, but up to the time of adjournment this committee had not rendered a decision.

President Mitchell's annual report lays especial emphasis on the decrease in membership in the anthracite field, and advocates putting a number of organizers into that field. He laid stress upon the apathy prevalent among the miners toward their duties to the organization. Secretary-Treasurer Wilson's financial report for the year ended Nov. 30, 1906, shows a balance in the treasury of $337,960.71.

Some Senatorial Selections.

Chicago, Jan. 16.—Following are the senatorial selections made by state legislatures in separate session: Montana, Joseph M. Dixon, Rep.; Nebraska, Norris Brown, Rep.; Colorado, Simon Guggenheim, Rep.; New Hampshire, Henry W. Burnham, Rep.; Massachusetts, W. Murray Crane, Rep.; Idaho, William E. Borah, Rep., Tennessee, Robert L. Taylor, Dem. In Rhode Island there is a deadlock between three Republicans, one calling himself "independent" and getting the Democratic vote.

NEWS FACTS IN OUTLINE

The unusually warm weather is causing alarm among the fruit growers of Tennessee, Kentucky and Alabama.

The third annual convention of the National Boot and Shoe Manufacturers' association is in session at New York.

The Swedish parliament has reassembled. The former officers were reappointed by the king.

A fire at San Fernando, Pampagin province, Island of Luzon, P. I., destroyed property valued at $100,000.

The cold wave throughout the northwest has upset all railway schedules. Dozens of trains have been abandoned.

Ex-United States Senator Pugh, of Alabama, is ill with pneumonia in his home at Washington. He is 87 years old.

The Lackawanna railroad has decided upon Scranton, Pa., as the location for $2,000,000 locomotive shops.

The Union Oil company has inaugurated at Panama its plant for the pumping of oil across the isthmus. Oil from the steamer Argyl was moved from Panama to Colon.

The coronation of the new shah of Persia will take place on Jan. 25.

All the coal mines in the Irwin, Pa., field are flooded by the rising rivers and thousands of miners are idle.

Sufficient Reason.

Rector—We have poor congregations in summer, don't we, dear? Rector's Wife—I should say so! There isn't a decently criminal hat in the church before the 1st of October.—New York Times.

PECCARIES

By NORA BRYANT

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Down in the forests of the southwest there are certain regions where one never ventures to stroll without a rifle and where, even with a rifle, one keeps an eye open for climbable trees. For here are found peccaries; peccaries by the ones, twos, and by the hundreds—the ferocious wild pig; the one animal from which an experienced hunter will run.

Wainwright had been told all this. Every inhabitant of the ranch had taken unlimited satisfaction in detailing to the young Englishman the horrors of a "death by peccaries" and in impressing on him the means by which such death could be avoided. But Wainwright only smiled knowingly. He had heard before of the way these Americans like to fable to a tenderfoot. He did not propose to swallow everything. Even Billy, the old time chum on whose ranch he was spending a few months, felt it his duty to utter a word or two of warning. But Wainwright was only politely bored.

The sun rose very clearly that winter morning. After the days of raw rains and mists that had preceded it, the woods, brown and sodden, seemed beautiful to Wainwright.

He swung along, his pipe going like a furnace, his fine shoulders squarely back as he took in deep breaths of the exhilarating air and his tawny hair catching now and then a gleam of the sun as it flickered through the trees. His rifle was tucked very obediently under one arm, but he was not hunting. He was tramping through the woods for the Englishman's mere love of tramping.

The sodden leaves under foot yielded up a damp, earthy smell that was very pleasant to this earth loving man. The trees rustled in a companionly way; a rabbit or two scurried through the bushes; his tobacco had just the right flavor, and Wainwright would have been very contented had it not been for his constant thought of Billy's sister. Things had been going on beautifully until the silly quarrel of yesterday, and now he never would have the courage to ask her if she would adopt England for a permanent abiding place.

"FASTER, JANEY, FASTER!" PANTED WAINWRIGHT.

He stopped and stooped to tie his shoe. As he straightened himself again he heard a tentative "Oof!" near by. A rough coated pig was standing a rod or so from him, watching him with ugly little eyes.

"Hello, piggy!" said Wainwright genially. "Are you one of the peccaries I hear such shameful tales about? They ought to be ashamed to malign such a harmless little chap as you."

He relighted his pipe, picked up his rifle and started toward the peccary. "Out of the way, Mr. Pig," he said.

The peccary did not stir. "Oof! Oof!" he said.

"Oof! Oof!" was answered from a nearby bush, and "Oof! Oof!" from half a dozen different directions. Out trotted half a dozen rough coated little fellows with a businesslike gait and grouped themselves about the first comer. Their watchful gaze was a trifle disconcerting. Wainwright lit his pipestem a little nervously.

"By Jove," he said. "This is rather embarrassing! If there is nothing I can do for you gentlemen, perhaps you will step aside and let me pass?" And he took a cautious step forward. The peccaries, with little grunts, held their ground.

All this time their number had been steadily augmented until Wainwright was facing fifty of the ugly little brutes. He looked about.

"Gads, I guess the natives were right, and Billy was not stuffing me after all; at least as far as the beasts numbers and attentiveness go. I certainly am not going to try to shoot at as close range as this. The brutes might charge."

The foremost peccary drew a little nearer. His neighbors each took a forward step. Those on the outer edge shoved each other a little closer. There was a peculiar agileness about the little brutes that was almost sickening. Their dark little bodies, swarming unpleasantly close, made him think of a tale an East Indian soldier had told him of a man who was eaten alive by a countless swarm of black spiders. He looked at their slavering, champing tusks and stepped slowly backward. The peccaries circled in closer, and Wainwright stopped, lifted his rifle, took deliberate aim and fired at the leader. There were loud "Oofs!" and a quickening forward of the whole mass.

Wainwright recalled Billy's warning "Remember that when you strike a herd of peccaries you are up against a new proposition. They fear nothing on the footstool. When you strike a herd just forget that you ever hunted elephants or tigers, drop your rifle and run for the nearest tree."

Wainwright gave a last glance at the hundred cruel eyes fastened on him, dropped his rifle and gave one spring to the trunk of the nearest tree, barely escaping the forward rush of the peccaries. A moment later he was seated in the lowest crotch, breathing hard, with the peccaries pawing, grunting and coming below him.

"I wonder how long this will last," he thought. "If little Jane could see me she certainly would think I was getting my punishment for being so surly this morning."

For an hour Wainwright sat in his uncomfortable position, trying to find solace in his pipe and growing more and more irritated. The peccaries seemed untiring in their vigilance, and he shuddered at the possibility of falling among them if he dropped asleep. Far off through the woods he could see a line of snake fence. He wondered if he dared run for it.

Just then he caught the gleaming of of a blue gown among the trees. It was Jane, wandering off to look for him. "She should have known better! Heavens, it's my fault!" he thought. His heart stood still within him. Then he tore off his coat, vest and cap and with a blood curdling yell threw them far toward the outer edge of the herd. Like lightning the little animals turned in among themselves and fought for the garments. Wainwright dropped from the tree and flew toward the new terror stricken girl. Without a word but "Come!" he seized her hand and started in mad flight toward the fence. Almost immediately he heard the peccaries behind them, but their start was good. Closer and closer sounded the sickening grunts.

"Faster, Janey, faster!" panted Wainwright, and the girl quickened her pace to his. Wainwright gave a single backward glance. The foremost peccary was only a few feet behind them. Before them was a gully perhaps five feet wide. If only they could leap that! He knew that the peccaries could not jump, but would be forced to wade the brook. With the thought they were across it, though Janey stumbled and fell just on the other side. But Wainwright had her up again without breaking his speed.

The fence was now so near that he could see the dead goldenrod on the other side, now so near that he saw the moss on the top rail, and now he lifted Jane and tossed her to the other side just as the peccaries buried themselves at his legs. But he, too, was over, and the peccaries rooted and tore in vain at the strong old barrier.

Little Jane threw her arms about him. "Oh, Lawrence," she cried, "I'll never be cross again as long as I live!"

Wainwright held her close. "If it ends this way," he said, "I hope you will be cross often."

Bachelor Man Whittier.

In the earlier days of the fame of the poet Whittier, when already his name was widely known and honored, but did not yet command the almost universal recognition it had won in his old age, a visitor to Amesbury occasionally had difficulty in finding where he lived. His house was in an out of the way part of the town, and his name—pronounced by the country folk in two syllables instead of three—was not uncommon in the neighborhood. It is related that one admirer, after much search and many failures, made inquiries of a rural gentleman of venerable appearance, who seemed to take a kindly interest in satisfying the guest, but suggested successively the dwellings of several Whittiers, who proved on further description not to be the one. At length the old fellow remembered with sudden enlightenment that there was one Whittier more, and, slapping his thigh, he drawled with deliberate triumph:

"Now I've got him sure. You mean that old bachelor man that lives with an old maid sister down by the mills. He's a Whitcher too."

And this "Whitcher," a despised bachelor and an afterthought, was indeed the right one.

English as a Classic.

A generation ago the education of a college man confined itself almost entirely to a study of Latin, Greek, philosophy and metaphysics, while now the study of history, economics and other subjects of practical bearing predominates. Interest in the classical languages has now largely abated, even with persons who make a study of them. The student was formerly supposed to get his training from Greek and Latin; English he studied incidentally. Now the study of English is predominant in the American college. This should not be considered, however, as a disparagement of the progress of American culture. It should be remembered that the Greeks themselves wrought out their wonderful culture, literature and art entirely without the aid of a foreign language. The schoolboys of Greece were required to commit to memory the best poems of the language, notably the poems of Homer, which shaped their thoughts, conversation and acts and finally their character.—President Schurman as Reported in Cornell Sun.

CATARRH A UNIVERSAL BLOOD DISEASE

Catarrh is usually worse in Winter, because of the cold, damp and suddenly changing climate. Colds are contracted and neglected and as the secretions from the diseased inflamed membranes are absorbed into the blood the unpleasant symptoms of the disease commence. The nostrils are stopped up and a constant dropping of mucous back into the throat keeps up a continual hawking and spitting. The patient has dull headaches, ringing noises in the ears, and often slight fever and a depressed, half-sick feeling accompanies the disease. The blood becomes so fully charged with catarrhal matter that stomach troubles are brought on, the kidneys and bladder are affected, and if the blood is not purified of the poison the lungs become diseased because of the constant passage of impure blood through them. Catarrh cannot be cured with washes, sprays, inhalations and such treatment; these cannot reach the poison-laden blood where the real cause is located, and can only give temporary relief and comfort. A disease which affects the entire blood supply as does Catarrh, must be treated with a blood purifier. S. S. S. is the best remedy for Catarrh, which has grown to be a universal disease. It goes to the bottom of the trouble, rids the blood of the catarrhal matter, reinvigorates the circulation, and cures this disgusting disease permanently. When S. S. S. has purified the blood every part of the system receives a supply of fresh, healthy blood; then the inflamed membranes heal and every symptom of Catarrh passes away. Write for our book containing information about Catarrh, and ask for any medical advice you desire. No charge is made for either.

S.S.S.

PURELY VEGETABLE

THE SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., ATLANTA, GA.

Change of Day Next Visit.

13th Year at Dixon

RELIABLITY

DIXON, ILLINOIS, FRIDAY, JANUARY 25, 1907

By doing good, conscientious work, curing the curable and refusing to treat the incurable, Dr. Prettyman has established a reputation here in Lee county that insures him a large practice in the future as he always had in the past. Returning every four weeks his next visit will be Dixon, Ill., Friday, January 25th 1907, Nachusa House, 9 a. m. to 9 p. m. Dr. Prettyman has had 18 years experience in the treatment of chronic diseases. Quick, positive cures. Get well now. Read carefully every word of the following.

EYE AND EAR DISEASES.

Dimness of sight, Growths over Sight, Granulated Lids, Inflammation of Eye Balls, Weak, Watery Eyes, Etc., treated and cured after the common everyday treatment has failed. No suffering from his new treatment.

EAR DISEASES, such as ringing, roaring noises, discharges, catarrhal deafness, treated by his new germicidal treatment. It is indeed a medical revolution. The greatest, grandest and best discovery of the age.

CATARRH, acute or chronic polypi in the nose, enlarged tonsils, weak voice, ulcerated throat, bronchial catarrh, pain in chest, asthma, bronchitis treated in a manner that insures success to the doctor and return to health for the patient.

STOMACH, LIVER, HEART DISEASES, the cause of suffering, loss of flesh, loss of appetite, bloating, belching, misery, can be cured. We insure to cure all cases undertaken.

BLOOD POISON—All who come in the first or second stages of this disease we will cure without their ever having any more ulcers, more patches in the mouth, nose or throat, falling hair, or any scar or disfigurement that would let the world know they had been treated.

DISEASES OF WOMEN successfully treated

NERVOUS DISEASES.

Epilepsy, Nervous Prostration, Rheumatism, Etc., treated.

WEAK WOMEN! Why remain so longer? Under skillful treatment you can be cured, thus bringing happiness to yourself and others.

DISEASES OF MEN.

NERVOUSNESS, Weakness, etc., quickly cured. All diseases of the kidneys, bladder, genital or urinary system, by new methods. Prompt and efficient cures.

STRICTURE. This is a trouble found in hundreds of cases, and often neglected because the old way of cutting was severe, and would not insure positive results. Dr. Prettyman cures these cases permanently in a short time without pain or knife.

VARICOCELE—A frequent trouble and a source of much annoyance, the evil effects of which are well known. Besides producing weakness, pain, etc., it causes loss, shrinkage and irritation. Our method after five years trial, has proven effective and not a failure has been noted.

SPERMATORRHOEA, Seminal Weakness, Loss of Power, Impotency, the cause of so much suffering in mind and body, the ban of life, the disease that wrecks thousands and thousands of lives every year, blasts future hopes, render existence miserable, makes young and old men unfit for business or pleasure, are curable. A speedy and permanent cure guaranteed in all cases treated.

Dr. Prettyman.

4139 INDIANA AVE., CHICAGO, ILL.

FOLEY'S HONEY AND TAR

The original LAXATIVE cough remedy.

For coughs, colds, throat and lung troubles. No opiates. Non-alcoholic. Good for everybody. Sold everywhere.

The genuine FOLEY'S HONEY and TAR is in Yellow package. Refuse substitutes.

Prepared only by Foley & Company, Chicago.

Rowland Bros., Druggist

THE ORIGINAL LAXATIVE COUGH SYRUP

Best for Coughs, Colds, Croup, Whooping Cough, Etc.

BEE'S LAXATIVE.

No Opiates. Conforms to National Pure Food and Drug Law.

CONTAINING HONEY AND TAR

All cough syrups containing opiates constipate the bowels. Bee's Laxative Honey and Tar moves the bowels and contains no opiates.

Rowland Bros., Druggists

DEAD AT KINGSTON MAY NUMBER 500

There Have Been Buried 343 Up to the Latest Report.

OFFICIAL AND AUTHENTIC NEWS

Governor Swettenham Briefly Cables All the Facts of the Great Disaster.

Number of Wounded in Hospitals is 600—List of the White Persons Killed, Wounded and Missing.

St. Augustine, Fla., Jan. 18.—Wireless messages received at the station on Anastasia island by Chief Electrician Elkins say that Kingston is sinking gradually; that many holes, and cracks 100 feet deep, were formed by the earthquake, and that grave fears are felt that the entire city will slip into the bay.

London, Jan. 18.—The colonial office has received a cablegram from Sir Alexander Swettenham, the governor of Jamaica. It is without date and runs as follows: "Continuing my previous telegrams on the subject of the earthquake. The evil effects have been confined almost to three parishes of the island — namely, Kingston, Port Royal and St. Andrew. The fire at Kingston has practically ceased; only coal and rubbish are now burning. The district burned comprises a triangular area between the Parade gardens, the sea, Duke street and Princess street. The parish church forms the apex of this triangle, which comprises about one-thirtieth part of the town.

Burials Number 343 Persons.

"The burned area is being cleared slowly, owing to the indisposition of the population to labor, at double the usual wages. There are a few bodies still covered with ruins. The burials to noon this day comprise 343. The persons admitted to hospital in Kingston total 440, excluding some sixty cases sent to Spanish Town from Kingston for treatment. The population generally is encamped on the Parade grounds, the race course and the open spaces. It is reluctant to return to its ruined houses during the fine weather.

Names Some of the Killed.

"The usual provision shops are in the burned area, and there is consequently difficulty in buying provisions. I am arranging for sales temporarily, and for the transfer of persons to other parishes. There was some pilfering last night from deserted shops. The population is wonderfully patient, but listless. Among the killed are Sir James Fergusson, J. W. Middleton, A. M. Nathan, Edward de Cordova, J. R. Mudon, J. A. Payne, Dr. R. C. Gibb, R. W. Bradley, B. Verley, W. George, D. Burrows, Charles Sherlock, E. Morris, Captain Constantine and Miss Lockett.

Credit to Men Who Acted.

"Great assistance has been given by Sir Alfred Jones, who converted the steamer Port Kingston into a temporary hospital and refuge; by doctors and firemen from Spanish Town, and by the commander of the troops, who supplied men to assist in keeping order and to patrol. The direct line cable is broken three miles off the coast. Both the telegraph offices are burned."

It is possible that the dead may reach 500.

LIST OF THE WHITE VICTIMS

Twenty-Two Dead, Four Missing and Ten Among the Wounded.

The following is a list, gathered from various sources of all the white persons killed, injured or missing in the disaster: Sir James Fergusson, M. P., deputy chairman of the Royal Mail Steam Packet company, of London; Captain T. Constantine, superintendent in Jamaica for the Royal Mail Steam Packet company; Captain Young, commander of steamer Arno, of the Royal Mail Steam Packet company's fleet; Captain Lamont, who was soon to be married; Mr. Brunnel; Dr. Robertson and wife (perhaps Dr. G. P. P. Robertson and wife); Charles Sherlock, a well-known merchant; A. M. Nathan, partner of Charles Sherlock in the firm of Nathan, Sherlock & Co.; Bradley Verley, of the family extensively interested in sugar cultivation; two other members of the Verley family; G. McN. Livingston, senior clerk in the audit office of the colonial government; Dr. Monier de Mayniere; four Livingstone children; Dr. R. C. Gibb; Miss Lockett; Miss Sullivan; Edgar de Cordova, carriage and wagon maker.

Missing — J. W. Middleton; Charles de Cordova, importing provision merchant; Edward de Cordova, a brother of Charles; brother of Charles Sherlock.

Injured—Major W. H. Hardyman, seriously; Lieutenant Colonel J. R. M. Dalrymple-Hay, D. S. O.; Captain Motley (probably Captain W. P. Marley), Lieutenant A. S. H. Dixon and Quartermaster S. H. Price—all of the West India regiment; Mrs. S. H. Price, seriously; Mrs. Constantine, both legs broken; Mrs. A. A. Walderham, wife of deputy police inspector, both legs broken; Mr. Fodero of the Direct West India Cable company, severely; Mrs. Marshall, wife of Rev. W. N. Marshall, C. B., of the Jamaica constabulary.

PROMPT AND LIBERAL AID

Uncle Sam and John Bull Each Goes Down Into His Pockets.

London, Jan. 18. — John Henniker Heaton, M. P., has telegraphed a vivid account of the earthquake, adding, however, no fresh details to the information already at hand. He quotes Sir Alfred Jones as saying that no catastrophe will fall about the prosperity of the island because the products of the country have not been interfered with to the slightest degree. The houses that have been destroyed were mostly old and deserved to be destroyed. The United States battleships Missouri and Indiana have reached the scene and United States officers and sailors are standing by to render every assistance in their power.

With characteristic promptitude the royal family hastened to set the country an example of generous assistance to the afflicted city. The king and the queen have each contributed $5,000 to the Lord Mayor's fund. The Prince and Princess of Wales have contributed $2,500 each, and the big companies interested in the West Indies are following suit. Should the reports of the subsidence of Kingston harbor be confirmed a new peril will be added, and further dispatches on this subject are awaited with the greatest anxiety.

New York, Jan. 18.—The first cargo of supplies to be sent from New York in aid of the stricken people of Jamaica was shipped today on the Hamburg-American steamer Allegheny. President Cleveland Dodge, of the New York state branch of the National Red Cross, was authorized by the national organization to expend $5,000 in the purchase of supplies, and arrangements were completed at once for the transportation of a portion of this.

The Red Cross contributions will be supplemented by a quantity of food, medicine, etc., which has been gathered by a committee of steamship and commercial firms named at a meeting of a number of representative citizens.

A United States transport, the Celtic, has been ordered to Kingston with a load of commissary stores.

U. M. W. STRIKES HIGH

Declares Labor Secretary Straus Unfit for His Post, and Demands a New Department.

Indianapolis, Jan. 18.—The delegates to the convention of the United Mine Workers adopted a resolution demanding the separation of the department of commerce and labor and establishing a department of labor. The resolution also attacked Oscar Straus, the new secretary of the department of commerce and labor, charging him with permitting and aiding employers to violate the contract labor act. It was also declared that the department was being conducted more in the interest of capital than labor.

Chairman Purley of the resolutions committee, said the committee had considered the resolution offered by the Indiana district criticising State Mine Inspector James Epperson. President Mitchell and Secretary-Treasurer Wilson were unable to keep the convention from concurring in the report of the resolutions committee recommending that hereafter no separate organizations of engineers, firemen, blacksmiths or members of any other mechanical craft employed around the mines, shall be permitted within the ranks or under the jurisdiction of the United Mine Workers.

MYSTERIOUS TRAGEDY

School Teacher's Throat Cut; also That of a Young Man—Teacher Is Dead.

El Dorado, Kan., Jan. 18. — The dead body of Miss Mary Glass, a young school teacher, with her throat cut from ear to ear, was found in the school house at Fairview, near here. Later Robert Hall, with his throat cut, admitted at his home at Fairview, where he is believed to be dying, that he and Miss Glass had quarreled at the school.

He declared that she attacked him and cut his throat. When asked who cut Miss Glass' throat Hall refused to reply. Hall was barely able to speak because of the loss of blood. At the school house there were evidences of a struggle.

Brutal Murderer Swung Up.

Washington, Pa., Jan. 18.—Elmer Dempster, the 19-year-old negro who was convicted of killing Mrs. James Pearce and her three children on July 29 last at Greensburg, Pa., was hanged in the jail yard here. Dempster was apparently indifferent to his fate.

Sunday School Headquarters.

Chicago, Jan. 18.—Headquarters of the International Sunday School association which in the past has been divided between Boston and Toledo, is to be permanently located in Chicago after May 1.

Three Terrorists Hanged.

Odessa, Jan. 18.—The public gardens here were the scene of a triple execution. Three terrorists were hanged in a row, condemned to death for the armed robbery of a shop. Their trial took place before a drum-head court martial.

Minnesota Editor Stricken.

Duluth, Minn., Jan. 18. — James Coggswell, editor of The Iron News at Two Harbors, Minn., was stricken with paralysis Wednesday evening and died later. He leaves a widow and two sons.

CARSHORTAGE IS NEXT

Special Message to Congress on That Subject Is Imminent Pretty Soon.

PRESIDENT TO URGE A REMEDY

Has Been Talking to the Demurrage Convention Men.

Writes to Representative Foss on the Subject of Battleships—Sends Food to Jamaica—More Brownsville.

Washington, Jan. 18.—Congress will be asked by President Roosevelt to give the interstate commerce commission increased powers to enable that body to deal with such emergencies as that now existing with regard to the car shortage question. The commission already has submitted to the president a preliminary report of the investigations made by some of its members in the northwest into this matter, and it will submit recommendations very soon. When these are ready the president will prepare a special message to be sent to congress urging necessary legislation. The president made this announcement at a conference at the White House with Knapp, Clements, Harlan and Clarke, of the interstate commerce commission, and four members of the executive committee of the national reciprocal demurrage convention recently held at Chicago, who had come to Washington to take up the matter with Roosevelt and the interstate commerce commission.

Made His Position Very Clear.

The president took a deep interest in the appeal presented to him Wednesday by the demurrage representatives, asking that he recommend federal legislation giving the interstate commerce commission the power to deal with the question of car shortage when such an emergency arose, and setting out the serious condition of affairs resulting from the present situation. When they came again yesterday at his invitation he made his position very clear, and told them of his willingness to help secure remedial legislation along certain lines.

Penalties for Both Parties.

None of the interstate commerce commissioners was willing to be quoted, but unofficially they say the recommendation to the president will include some form of reciprocal demurrage so that the carrier may be penalized for delay in moving as well as the consignee for delay in unloading cars.

Calls for Some "Big Sticks."

President Roosevelt has written a letter to Chairman Foss, of the naval affairs committee, urging that an appropriation should be made at once for two first-class battleships of the maximum size and speed, and with primary batteries of 12-inch guns. The letter states that in addition to the battleship provided for last year of the Dreadnaught class another should be provided for this year without fail. The president also urges the building of torpedo boat destroyers. In his letter he makes an exhaustive argument for battleships of the largest size, not inferior to those of any other nation.

END DROPS OUT OF SIGHT

Blackburn Gives the Brownsville Debate a New Wind Supply.

Washington, Jan. 18. — The hope generally expressed that a vote might soon be secured in the senate on the Foraker resolution bearing on the Brownsville riot was dissipated when the legal phase of President Roosevelt's discharge of the negro troops was again injected into the controversy by notice of an amendment to the Foraker compromise resolution which Blackburn said he should press, and which expressly disclaims any intention to "question or deny the legal right of the president to discharge without honor enlisted men of the army of the United States."

Foraker, who concluded his argument yesterday, at once declared his opposition to the amendment. He discussed the power of the executive, holding that the affray at Brownsville ought to be investigated simply as to the facts and the question of power determined later if it should arise as the result of the inquiry. He reviewed his previous utterances maintaining the same position in every respect. He replied to arguments which have been made since his first speeches, especially those of Spooner and Knox. He defended the Twenty-fifth infantry, reviewing the "setapes" it is charged with, expressing his astonishment that the record furnished the senate by the war department in this particular was not complete, and stating that in response to his request it had been supplemented by information which was decidedly favorable to the regiment. Consideration of the resolution was deferred until Monday.

"The Republican leaders accept the Blackburn amendment as a political move, and most of them express the opinion that it is the result of a Democratic conference. This Blackburn denies, but he says with apparent confidence that it will have practically the unanimous support of Democratic senators. "The amendment is not the result of a caucus," he said, "but it has general indorsement." There is talk of a Republican caucus if later developments should make it advisable.

Senator Aldrich at one time announced his intention of offering an amendment to the Foraker amendment providing for the extension of the investigation to the charge that the southern states discriminate against negro soldiers. If such an amendment should prevail it would lead to an investigation of the entire race question. Several senators advocate an amendment along the lines suggested by Aldrich, saying in the language of a western senator that it would have the effect of "destarizing" the Blackburn provision.

Senate and House in Brief.

Washington, Jan. 18.—The senate devoted most of the day to the Brownsville affair debate and then postponed it until Monday. Eulogies were pronounced on the life and character of the late Senator Bate, of Tennessee.

The house resumed consideration of the District of Columbia appropriation bill, which was pending at adjournment. An emergency bill was passed for the relief of the sufferers from the earthquake in Jamaica, clothing the president with power to send supplies to the relief of the stricken inhabitants of the island. The bill was a confirmatory act, as the president had already ordered the supplies sent.

WANTS JACKSON JUGGED

Mayor McClellan Is After the State's Attorney General with a "Big Stick."

Albany, N. Y., Jan. 18. — Mayor McClellan, of New York, in papers served on Attorney General Jackson, gives notice of motion to be made at a special term of the supreme court on Jan. 26, in this city, at which he will ask that an order be issued punishing the attorney general for contempt of court. The mayor asks that the attorney general be imprisoned for his action until quo warranto proceedings, which he has begun on behalf of the people of the state to test the title of his office as mayor, be withdrawn and discontinued.

Mayor McClellan in his affidavit contends that the attorney general should be adjudged in contempt for violating a temporary writ of prohibition restraining him from holding a hearing on an application of counsel for William R. Hearst that he give his consent to the commencement of such action. He cites the fact that the attorney general began the second action while the writ was in effect.

CUMMINS IS WITH ROOT

Indorses the Premier's Views as to the Relations Between State and United States.

Des Moines, Ia., Jan. 18. — For the third time Albert B. Cummins has been inaugurated governor of the state of Iowa. He delivered an inaugural address in which he took advanced ground in the matter of the corporation and other issues now before the country. He declared that he stood unequivocally for the election of United States senators by the people.

Concerning the duty of the states he said: "I believe with Secretary Root that the failure on the part of the various commonwealths to do their full duty in bringing their legislation into harmony with existing conditions will necessarily result in the usurpation of functions by the general government."

Japanese Navy in 1915.

Tokio, Jan. 18.—Jiji Shimpo says that in accordance with the present plan the efficiency of the Japanese navy by 1915 will be double what it was before the Russo-Japanese war.

Probe the Tuskegee School?

Montgomery, Ala., Jan. 18.—The senate has adopted a house resolution calling for an investigation of the methods of the Booker Washington school.

No Let-Up in Sight.

Evansville, Ind., Jan. 18.—The Ohio river continues to rise here. The Wabash and White rivers are also rising at a rapid rate and no let-up is in sight.

NEWS FACTS IN OUTLINE

Ralph Burnside, of Oskaloosa, Ia., has been re-elected by a unanimous vote to the presidency of the Northwestern Lumbermen's association.

The Alabama senate has passed a bill taxing railroad, telegraph and telephone property on a basis of market value.

The Western Paper Box Manufacturers' association, representing 750 manufacturers and a capital of $16,000,000, is holding its annual convention at St. Louis.

Rhode Island's legislature is deadlocked on United States senator.

Pursuing the campaign against gambling the French cabinet has instructed the prefects to rigorously enforce the law on the subject.

Six inches of snow is worrying the street car companies of New York city.

All the public schools in Cedarville, Wis., have been closed, owing to an epidemic of diphtheria.

Ex-Representative John Winans is dead at Janesville, Wis., aged 76.

The hotel at Safford, A. T., was destroyed by fire and William Williams, one of the guests, was burned to death.

The Savannah (Ga.) plant of the South Atlantic Car and Manufacturing company was destroyed by fire. Loss, $300,000.

W. T. Stead, the English editor, has left Rome for Vienna. He saw at Rome neither the pope nor the papal secretary of state.

The Pacific Mail Steamship company's liner Coptic has sailed from San Francisco for the Orient, carrying among her freight 27,000 sacks of flour for the famine-stricken people of China.

LAWYERS IN COUNCIL

State's Attorneys Are Formulating Some Law Changes That They Are Wanting.

ONTLINES OF A FEW OF THEM

Editor on the Penitentiary Board—Springfield Woman Has a Daughter in Jamaica.

Springfield, Ill., Jan. 18.—State's Attorneys Rehl, of Kane county; J. Bert Miller, of Kankakee county, and Geo. D. Helfrich, of Hancock, the committee of the Illinois State's Attorneys' association appointed to draft new bills and amendments to be presented to the present session of the state legislature, are in session here. Among the new legislation which the association wants are the following:

Some Laws They Want.

A bill to increase the fees of state's attorneys and adding fees for duties for which there are no fees at the present time. Providing juries in criminal cases shall be judges in fact only and not of the law. Providing that the people may take exceptions in criminal cases and question conviction, and if the defendant goes to the supreme court on a writ of error, the people may assign a writ of cross errors on the record, with a provision, however, that the people shall not be granted a new trial. Providing that state's attorneys may appeal from orders allowing motion to quash indictment and appeal to be taken to the supreme court.

Two Amendments That Are Sought.

An amendment to the parole act is also sought to provide that a jury may find by its verdict the maximum term of imprisonment, which shall not exceed, however, the maximum fixed by law for the crime for which the prisoner is found guilty; the term of service of such imprisonment shall not be less than one year nor more than the maximum time fixed by the jury. An amendment to the habeas corpus act allowing the people or the relator, or the respondent, or any party interested to appeal to the supreme court, providing that an indictment or information may be amended by the state's attorney for defects apparent upon the face thereof, or to cure a variance where that variance is not material.

Would Annul Its Charter.

Springfield, Ill., Jan. 18.—The state board of public charities has adopted the report of a committee appointed to investigate the state industrial school for girls at Peoria, to the effect that the home is badly mismanaged, and that cruelties are practiced on the part of the superintendent, and that the inmates are insufficiently fed and lodged. The board directed State's Attorney Scholes, of Peoria county, to proceed in the courts of that county to annul the charter of the institution.

PERILOUS WEDDING TRIP

Daughter of a Springfield Woman Is Supposed To Be in Jamaica.

Springfield, Ill., Jan. 18.—Mrs. C. C. Jones is prostrated through fear for the safety of her daughter, who is in Jamaica on her wedding trip. She was married in New York Jan. 2 to John McKee, of this city. They started for Kingston, Jamaica, immediately and were to have started northward yesterday. It is feared that both may be dead, although Major Leigh wired from New York that Mr. and Mrs. McKee may be at Port Royal.

Will Be Buried in the Old Soil.

Peoria, Ill., Jan. 18.—The remains of Mrs. Frank H. Cooper, wife of one of the founders of Siegel, Cooper & Co., which now controls large department stores in Chicago and elsewhere, are being prepared for shipment to Holland, where they will be laid to rest beside the remains of her husband, which are now in New York and will be held there awaiting the arrival of the remains of his wife, who was buried here in 1879.

Found Dying in a Field.

Bloomington, Ill., Jan. 18. — Unconscious and almost dying James Hudson, a prominent farmer living near Saybrook, was discovered by members of his family lying face downward in the snow of a deserted field on the farm. Deep gashes and bruises on his head, neck and back seem to have been inflicted with a bludgeon and a knife. He had been absent from the house about six hours. His case is almost hopeless.

Kills a Snake Out of Season.

Carmi, Ill., Jan. 18.—Captain Edward C. Ballard, in returning up Little Wabash river, killed a water moccasin over three feet in length. The snake showed fight and frightened several passengers aboard the boat. Rivermen say it is the first snake ever killed in January, and that it indicates an early spring.

Fired from the Soldiers' Home.

Quincy, Ill., Jan 18.—Joseph Arthur, who has been an inmate of the soldiers' home here for seven years, and who has been drawing a pension, has been dismissed as an impostor, he having, as alleged, been impersonating another man.

Puts an Editor on the Board.

Springfield, Ill., Jan. 18.—Governor Deneen has appointed Van L. Hampton, editor of the Macomb Journal, commissioner of the penitentiary at Joliet, to succeed James N. Phelps, of Freeport, resigned.

AMBOY HAPPENINGS FOR THE WEEK

POST AND CORPS HOLD JOINT INSTALATION; BOOKS FOR THE SCHOOL.

WHAT SOCIETIES ARE DOING

Weather Conditions Result in Death of Several Who Have Been Very Low.

Amboy, Ill., Jan. 18.—A joint installation of the G. A. R. Post No. 572 and the W. R. C. No. 138, was held late Saturday afternoon, Jan. 12, in the Woodman hall.

For the Corps, Mrs. J. D. Lewis acted as installing officer, and for the Post, Comrade M. T. Spencer was the mustering officer.

School Library Grows.

The pupils of the senior class of the high school have been hard at work lately securing money by subscription for the purchase of books for the school library, and as a result of their successful labors, the school is now in possession of a twenty-five volume set of Ridpath's Library of Universal Literature, a valuable addition to its library.

The school is preparing for a musical entertainment, which will be given soon.

Church Society Meetings.

The Woman's Missionary society of the Congregational church met Wednesday, January 16, at the home of Mrs. A. S. Mynard, on Plant street. A bible reading and readings from mission studies furnished the afternoon's program.

The Woman's Missionary society of the Methodist Episcopal church held its regular meeting Thursday afternoon at the home of Mrs. L. B. Searls on Jefferson avenue.

The annual business meeting of the First Congregational church was held Monday evening, Jan. 14, in the church parlors. Yearly reports from the church, and from the various societies connected with the church, were given, the regular election of officers was held, and other business transacted.

The Congregational and Methodist churches are holding union meetings four evenings this week, Tuesday and Wednesday evenings in the Congregational church and Thursday and Friday evenings in the Methodist church.

Funeral Services.

Funeral services for Edward Antoine were held at 2 o'clock Thursday afternoon at the Baptist church, Rev. E. W. Anschel of Mendota conducting the services.

Grand Army Post No. 572 went to Lee Centre in a body this (Friday) afternoon, to attend the funeral services of S. L. Thayer.

Three Deaths Reported.

Patrick McCormick, an old settler of Lee county, died at his home in East Grove township Tuesday, and was brought to Amboy for burial in St. Patrick's cemetery at Rockyford, Thursday forenoon.

Dick Tabor, who has lived in this vicinity the past three or four years, died at his home near Shaw, after an illness of twenty-four hours. He leaves a wife and six young children.

A small child of Linus Holcomb, living on the West Side, died last Sunday.

Amboy Personals.

Harry Daniels is on the sick list this week.

Mrs. G. R. Lyman spent a few days with Amboy friends this week.

Dr. B. L. Sears has been in Rock Island the past week.

J. M. Arnold of Arlington spent Sunday in Amboy.

Fred Wehnke of El Paso was calling on friends here Monday.

Miss Ida Dishong of East Grove spent Sunday with her grandmother, Mrs. Henry Hubble.

Mr. and Mrs. F. N. Vaughan left Monday for the City of Mexico. They will be away about three weeks.

Mrs. John Barton and Miss Flora Brown of Sublette, were the guests of Mrs. E. A. Purdy Wednesday.

A. W. Carlson, who has been living on a farm near Amboy for the past five years, is packing his goods and will remove to Hamlet, Indiana.

Mr. and Mrs. Peter Lener attended the funeral of their daughter, Mrs. Annie Lener Green, at Arlington, Ill., Monday.

R. W. and E. O. Gridley were in Dixon Thursday, to attend the funeral of B. I. Hitchcock.

Philip Statten of Alma, Ill., is now in the employ of the Electric Light company, as night man. He will move his family here as soon as he can find a suitable location.

Kow Kure
Bag Balm
Calf Meal
PRUSSIAN STOCKFOOD
Oatmeal and Millstuffs
The "Mandy Lee"
Incubator and Brooder.
SEE THEM AT—
Geo. D. Laing
BOTH PHONES 45 — 93 GALENA AVE

1000 Horses Wanted
McCoy's Rendering Works
Will pay the HIGHEST MARKET PRICE for all Worn-Out or Crippled Horses.
—CALL FOR—
Mr. McCoy, THE RENDERING MAN
Will remove All Kinds of Dead Animals Harness Oil Free to All Customers
..BOTH PHONES...

The ladies of St. Patrick's Cemetery association gave a dance and card party in St. Patrick's hall Thursday evening, the proceeds of which will go into the association's treasury for use in keeping up the cemetery.

The Whist Club was entertained Wednesday evening at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Robert L. Jenkins, on Blackstone street.

THE BEND.

The Bend. —Jan. 16.—The wolf that was shot by E. May Sunday has aroused the hunters. Every day you find a posse of hunters eager to find the mate.

Mr and Mrs John Hetler visited Jesse Hetler Sunday, at his home at the Kingdom.

Several of our people have had colds.

Sleighing is fine in these parts.

John L. Rosbrook expects to leave Feb. 1 for Colorado, to visit his brother George.

Several members of W. H. Edwards' family are ill.

Mr. and Mrs. Ray Shaver visited at the Brierton farm this week.

Mrs. Nat. Heckman expects to build a new barn in place of the one recently burned.

Mr. and Mrs. Lew Beattey visited at the E. Etnyre home Tuesday.

Mr. and Mrs. George Shaver visited at Rosbrook's Sunday.

A number of the Bend young people attended a party at Harry Gerdes' Monday evening.

About twenty-five young people had a surprise on the Brierton Brothers Friday night.

THE LOCAL MARKETS.

Prices the Merchants of Dixon Are Paying For Produce at Twelve o'Clock.

Dixon, Ill., Jan. 17, 1907.

Eggs, fresh, per doz	20c
Spring Chickens, dressed	10c
Turkies, dressed, 15 and	16
Dairy Butter, per lb	24
New Potatoes, burbel	40
Ducks	11
Lard, country	10
Honey	14

Quoted by Geo. D. Laing.

Oats (white)	31
Oats (mixed)	31
Corn, new, No. 3	34½
Rye	56

Patterson & Giltenane.

Hog market, good and strong, $5.75 to $5.80 for hogs.

Cattle, cankers and cutters, 1 to ..2c

Cattle, fat $5.30

Fat cows and heifers, $3.50 to $2.75

Timothy and clover seed will be scarce. Timothy is selling for $2.00 and clover seed is bringing from $7 to $9 per bushel.

HAY $16 TON.

Choice Timothy hay is retailing in the Dixon markets at $16 a ton and was never more than this price.

PUBLIC SALES.

Davis Bros., Jan. 25.
W. Creamer, Feb. 7.
M. Mescall, Feb. 11.
John Hoben, Feb. 19.
George Gilroy, Feb. 20.
John Stott, Feb. 12.
Will Shippert, Feb. 25.
Charles Shick, Feb. 27.